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#### REVIEW FOR THE MIDTERM EXAM

CMSC 421: MIDTERM REVIEW

#### Midterm Exam

- ♦ Scope: Chapters 1–6, and elementary Python
- ♦ Closed book, no electronic devices
- ♦ You may bring one sheet of notes; OK to write on both sides
- ♦ To help you prepare, the "resources" page has the midterm and final exams for the last three times I taught the course
  - Both with and without answers
- $\diamondsuit$  To see all of them:
  - Go to the bottom of the page and click on "show all resources"

## Chapter 1: Introduction

- ♦ What AI is:
  - thinking versus acting
  - humanly versus rationally

### Chapter 2: Intelligent Agents

- ♦ Agents and environments
  - Rationality
  - PEAS (Performance measure, Environment, Actuators, Sensors)
  - Environment types
  - Agent types
- ♦ I won't ask any questions about Chapters 1 and 2

## Chapter 3: Search

- ♦ Problem types:
  - deterministic, nondeterministic,
  - fully observable, partially observable, non-observable
  - example: vacuum world
- ♦ Tree-search algorithms
  - Breadth-first search
  - Uniform-cost search
  - Depth-first search
  - Depth-limited search
  - Iterative deepening
- $\diamondsuit$  tree search versus graph search

# Chapter 3 (continued)

- ♦ Heuristic search algorithms
  - Greedy search
  - A\* on trees or on graphs with consistent heuristics
  - A\* on graphs with inconsistent heuristics
- ♦ Heuristic functions
  - admissibility, consistency, dominance
  - problem relaxation
- $\Diamond$  Not on the exam:
  - IDA\*
  - continuous spaces

## Chapter 4: Beyond Classical Search

- ♦ Local search algorithms
  - Hill climbing
  - simulated annealing
- $\Diamond$  Not on the exam:
  - beam search
  - genetic algorithms

## **Elementary Python**

- ♦ You should know the basics
- ♦ And I hope you've picked up some ideas about Python programming style
- ♦ But I'll keep it simple!

## Chapter 5: Adversarial Search

- $\diamondsuit$  What type of game:
  - two-player, perfect information, zero sum
- ♦ Game trees, minimax values
- ♦ Alpha-beta pruning
- Depth-bounded search, static evaluation functions
- ♦ Node ordering
- ♦ Nondeterministic game trees (e.g., backgammon)
  - expectiminimax

## Chapter 6: Constraint Satisfaction

- ♦ Variables, constraints, constraint graphs, backtracking search
- ♦ Variable selection heuristics:
  - MRV (minimum remaining values)
  - degree (most constraints on remaining variables)
- ♦ Value selection heuristic: least constraining value
- ♦ Pruning techniques
  - forward checking
  - arc consistency (constraint propagation)
- $\Diamond$  Problem structure:
  - independent subproblems
  - tree-structured CSPs
  - cutset conditioning