

Lab 11: Expression Trees

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1 General description

1.1 Legend

Expression trees are binary trees used to evaluate complex expressions¹². The problem is, given an expression in the standard form, transform it into a postfix notation³ and build a binary expression tree.

1.2 Example

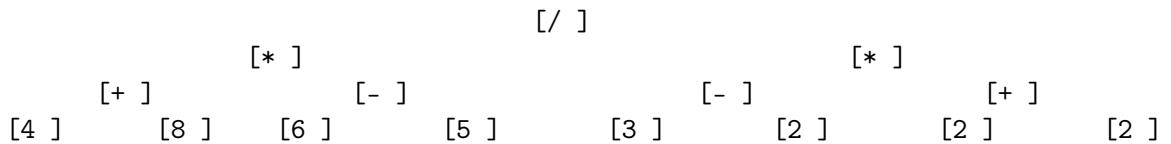
Assume the expression is:

$$(4 + 8) * (6 - 5) / ((3 - 2) * (2 + 2)).$$

It's postfix notation is given by:

$$48 + 65 - *32 - 22 + */$$

Expression tree is:



2 Implementation

Reuse the class *BST.java* and implement *Expression.java*

```

// Expression.java
public class Expression {

    private String expression; // expression in the standard form

    public String toPostfix(){
        // get expression in the postfix notation
    }

    public BST getBinaryExpressionTree(){
        // create Binare Expression tree
    }

}
  
```

In this lab you are only allowed to use the following import: *java.util.Stack*.

¹http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Binary_expression_tree.

²More complex applications can be found like expression trees in C#

³http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Reverse_Polish_notation

3 Sample input-output

3.1 Input

Use the following main for testing. *showTree()* implementation is not required. Instead of it print out inorder tree traversal.

```

public static void main(String[] args) {
    // TODO Auto-generated method stub
    String s="(a+b)/(c+d)+(e-f-g)/(h+j)";
    Expression e=new Expression(s);

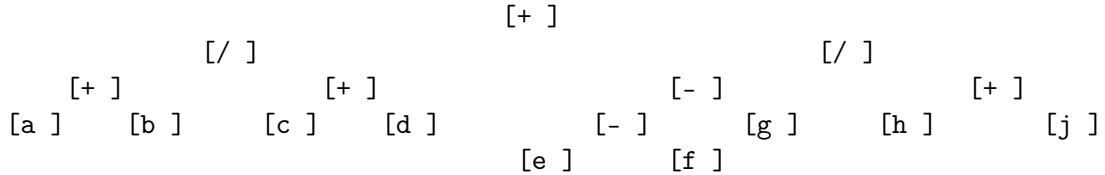
    String res=e.toPostfix();
    System.out.println(res);

    BST bst=e.getBinaryExpressionTree();
    bst.showTree();
}

```

3.2 Output

$ab+cd+/ef-g-hj+/+$



4 Grade breakdown

basis	grade
postfix form	(60)
expression tree	30
Hash table	30
Comments	(20)
Javadocs	10
General	10
Overall	(20)
Compiled	5
Style	5
Runtime	10
Total	100