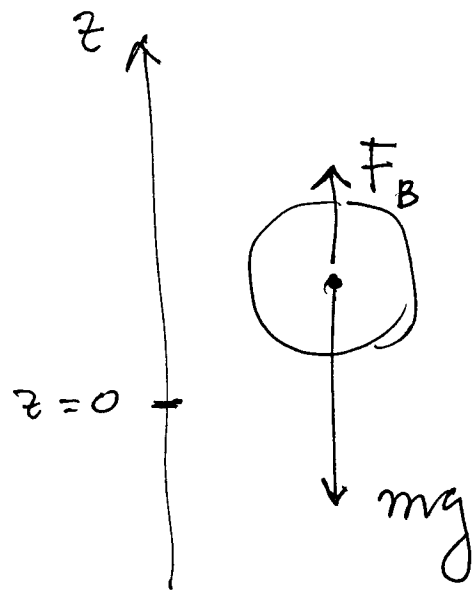




$$F = mg \left(e^{-z/H} - 1 \right)$$

← scale height

Q1: For $z \ll H$, show F is an elastic restoring force, i.e. $F \propto -z$

Find the 1st Order approximation to $e^{-z/H}$ around $z=0$:

$$e^{-z/H} \approx 1 - \frac{1}{H} z \quad \rightarrow \quad F \approx -\frac{mg}{H} z$$

Q2: Write the EOM. Is it a SHO?

$$\ddot{z} + \frac{g}{H} z = 0 \quad \rightarrow \quad \omega = \sqrt{\frac{g}{H}}$$

Q3 : $H = 10 \text{ km}$. What is the period?

(A) 1 s

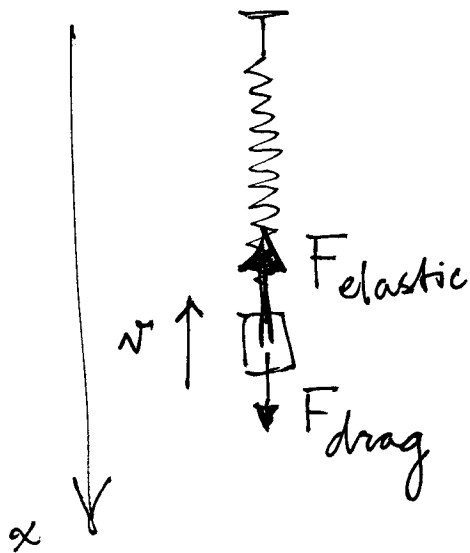
→ (B) 1 min

(C) 1 hr

(D) 1 day

$$T = \frac{2\pi}{\omega} = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{H}{g}} \approx 3 \text{ min}$$

DAMPED OSCILLATIONS:



$$\text{NZ: } m\ddot{x} = -kx - c\dot{x}$$

linear because
 $|\dot{x}| \ll v_c$

$$\ddot{x} + \underbrace{\frac{k}{m}}_{\omega_0^2} x + \underbrace{\frac{c}{m}}_{2\gamma} \dot{x} = 0$$

$$[D^2 + 2\gamma D + \omega_0^2]x = 0$$

Pretend we have some number λ : $\lambda^2 + 2\gamma\lambda + \omega_0^2 = 0$

$$\lambda = \frac{-2\gamma \pm \sqrt{4\gamma^2 - 4\omega_0^2}}{2} = -\gamma \pm \sqrt{\gamma^2 - \omega_0^2}$$

$$(\lambda + \gamma - \sqrt{\gamma^2 - \omega_0^2})(\lambda + \gamma + \sqrt{\gamma^2 - \omega_0^2}) = 0$$

$$\left[(\mathcal{D} + \gamma - \sqrt{\gamma^2 - \omega_0^2}) (\mathcal{D} + \gamma + \sqrt{\gamma^2 - \omega_0^2}) \right] x = 0$$

Case 1: $\gamma < \omega_0$. Call $\sqrt{\gamma^2 - \omega_0^2} = iq$

$$\left[(\mathcal{D} + \gamma - iq) (\mathcal{D} + \gamma + iq) \right] x = 0$$

Either $(\mathcal{D} + \gamma - iq)x = 0 \rightarrow x = \tilde{A} e^{-(\gamma - iq)t}$

or $(\mathcal{D} + \gamma + iq)x = 0 \rightarrow x = \tilde{B} e^{-(\gamma + iq)t}$

General solution is

$$x = \tilde{A} e^{-(\gamma - iq)t} + \tilde{B} e^{-(\gamma + iq)t}$$

$$\Rightarrow x^* = \tilde{A}^* e^{-(\gamma + iq)t} + \tilde{B}^* e^{-(\gamma - iq)t}$$

$$\therefore \tilde{A}^* = \tilde{B}$$

(5)

$$x = e^{-\gamma t} \cdot 2 \operatorname{Re} [\tilde{A} e^{i q t}]$$

Write $\tilde{A} = A e^{i \phi}$

$$x = 2 e^{-\gamma t} \operatorname{Re} [A e^{i (q t + \phi)}]$$

$$= \underbrace{2A}_C e^{-\gamma t} \cos(q t + \phi)$$

$$x = C e^{-\gamma t} \cos(q t + \phi)$$