



Dependency Injection

CSCI-4448 - Boese



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Overview



Goals

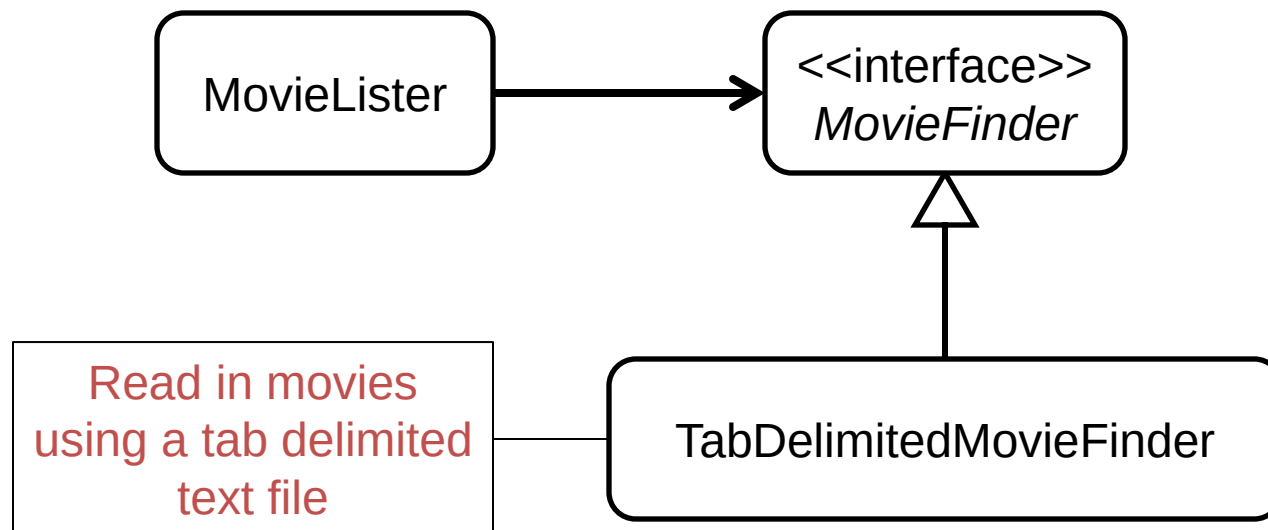
- Introduce dependency injection
- Provide examples using various Frameworks
 - Spring (Java)

Definition

- Dependency Injection
 - At its simplest, a *design pattern* which implements *Inversion of Control*
 - ***Decouples client code from concrete implementation***
 - ***Provide objects with dependencies at run-time***
 - A technique for assembling applications
 - ***From a set of concrete classes***
 - ***Concrete classes do not know about each other***
 - Goal: A loosely coupled system
 - ***References wired together using generic interfaces***
 - ***Ideally, allow a system to be configured, rather than compiled***

Example – Movie Lister

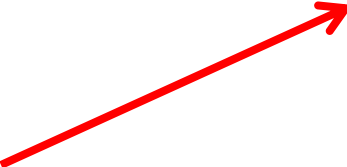
- Consider a simple movie listing class
 - *MovieLister lists movies with certain characteristics*
 - *Movies are loaded using some MovieFinder instance*



Example – Movie Lister

- Even in this simple example, want to avoid depending on concrete classes

```
public class MovieLister {  
    private MovieFinder finder;  
  
    public MovieLister() {  
        this.finder = new TabDelimitedMovieFinder("movies.txt");  
    }  
}
```



**Depencency on a
Concrete Class**



**Depencency on Hard-
Coded String**

Example – Movie Lister

- The code has two concrete dependencies
 - A reference to a concrete MovieFinder
 - A reference to a hard-coded string
- Both references are brittle
 - Cannot change the filename of the list of movies without changing MovieLister and recompiling
 - Cannot change the format of the data without changing the concrete MovieFinder
 - *e.g., use an SQLite database instead of flatfile*
 - *Recompile MovieLister after resetting class*

Target

- For loose coupling to be achieved, need *no* concrete references

```
public class MovieLister {  
    private MovieFinder finder;  
  
    public MovieLister(MovieFinder finder) {  
        this.finder = finder;  
    }  
}
```

- Furthermore, nowhere in our system's code should the strings "TabDelimitedMovieFinder" or "movies.txt" appear

Two types of dependency injection

- **Constructor Injection**

```
public MovieLister(MovieFinder finder)
{
    this.finder = finder;
}
```

- MovieLister indicates dependency via constructor

- **Setter Injection**

```
public void setMovieFinder(MovieFinder finder)
{
    this.finder = finder;
}
```

- MovieLister indicates dependency via setter

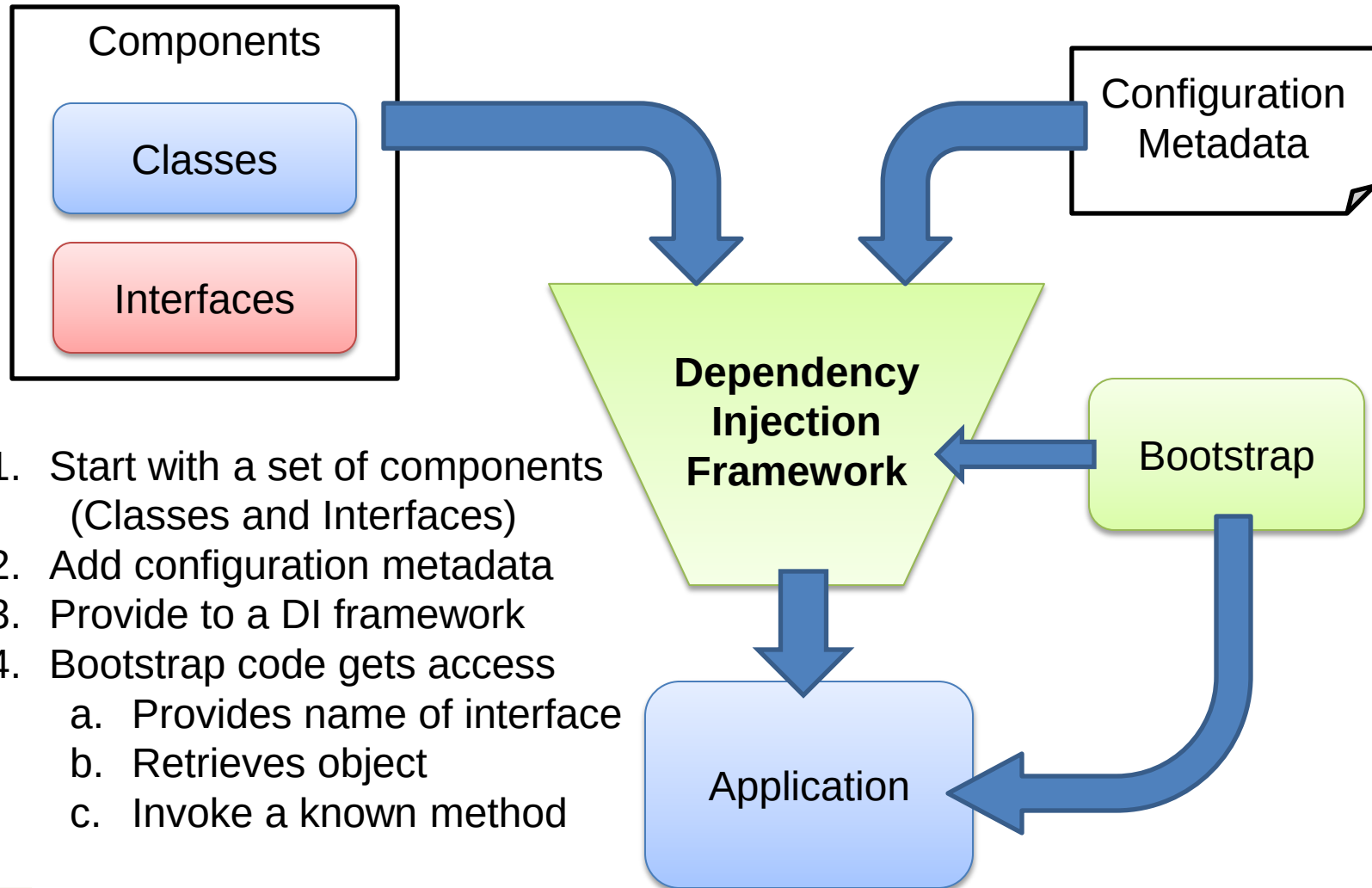
Dependency Injection

- What is dependency injection?
 - The idea is that classes indicate dependencies in abstract ways
 - *MovieLister indicates it NEEDS-A MovieFinder*
 - *Main indicates it NEEDS-A MovieLister*
 - A third party injects a class that will meet that dependency at run-time
 - The “third party” is known as an “Inversion of Control container” or “dependency injection framework”

Dependency Injection Framework



Concept



1. Start with a set of components (Classes and Interfaces)
2. Add configuration metadata
3. Provide to a DI framework
4. Bootstrap code gets access
 - a. Provides name of interface
 - b. Retrieves object
 - c. Invoke a known method

Example – Movie Lister with Spring

- The Spring framework can be used to create an instance of MovieLister

```
public class MyApp {  
    public void runApp() throws Exception {  
        ApplicationContext context =  
            new FileSystemXmlApplicationContext("spring.xml");  
        MovieLister lister =  
            (MovieLister) context.getBean("MovieLister");  
        Movie[] movies = lister.moviesDirectedBy("Ang Lee");  
        ...  
    }  
}
```

- ***Note: no direct reference to either “movies.txt” or TabDelimitedMovieFinder***

Example – Movie Lister with Spring

```
public class MyApp {  
    public void runApp() throws Exception {  
        ApplicationContext context =  
            new FileSystemXmlApplicationContext("spring.xml");  
        MovieLister lister =  
            (MovieLister) context.getBean("MovieLister");  
        Movie[] movies = lister.moviesDirectedBy("Ang Lee");  
        ...  
    }  
}
```

- “spring.xml”
 - Contains metadata about the application
 - *MovieLister needs a TabDelimitedMovieFinder*
 - *Database is in a file called “movies.txt”*
 - These dependencies are inserted when `context.getBean()` is invoked

Example – Movie Lister with Spring

```
public class MyApp {  
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            new FileSystemXmlApplicationContext("spring.xml");  
        MovieLister lister =  
            (MovieLister) context.getBean("MovieLister");  
        Movie[] movies = lister.moviesDirectedBy("Ang Lee");  
        ...  
    }  
}
```

- In Spring, “Beans” = POJOs (plain old Java objects)
 - A Java class which follows certain conventions
 - **Access property “foo” of type String with**
 - public String getFoo();
 - public void setFoo(String foo);
 - Once objects are specified in configuration file, pull instances of those objects out of the Spring container via the getBean method



Example

- Create an interface for MovieFinders

```
public interface MovieFinder {  
    public Movie[] findWithDirector(String director);  
}
```

- Create concrete implementations

```
public interface TabDelimitedMovieFinder {  
    private String filename;  
    public String getFilename() { return this.filename; }  
    public void setFilename(String filename) {  
        this.filename = filename;  
        // Load the file as needed  
    }  
    public Movie[] findWithDirector(String director) { ... }  
}
```


Example

- Set up application configuration (“spring.xml”)

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
```

```
<beans xmlns=http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
    http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans-3.0.xsd">
```

```
  <bean id="movieFinder" class="TabDelimitedMovieFinder">
    <property name="filename" value="movies.txt">
  </bean>
</beans>
```

Which file contains
the movies

Which MovieFinder
class to use



Example – Movie Lister with Spring

- Create the application using Spring framework

```
import org.springframework.context.ApplicationContext;
import org.springframework.context.support.FileSystemXmlApplicationContext;

public class MyApp {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        // Load up the Spring container from "spring.xml"
        ApplicationContext context =
            new FileSystemXmlApplicationContext("spring.xml");

        // Get an instance of a MovieFinder (as defined in spring.xml)
        MovieFinder finder =
            (MovieFinder) context.getBean("movieFinder");

        // Create the lister using our finder
        MovieLister lister = new MovieLister(finder);
        ...
    }
}
```

Example – Change to SQLite database

- What if we wanted to change to an SQLite DB?
 - **Create *SQLiteMovieFinder* class**
 - **Change the Spring configuration XML file**

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
```

Which MovieFinder
class to use

```
<beans xmlns=http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"
  xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
  xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
    http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans-3.0.xsd">
```

```
  <bean id="movieFinder" class="SQLiteMovieFinder">
    <property name="databaseURI" value="file:data/movies.db?mode=ro">
```

```
  </bean>
</beans>
```

Property of SQLiteMovieFinder class

The URI of the
database



Simple Example