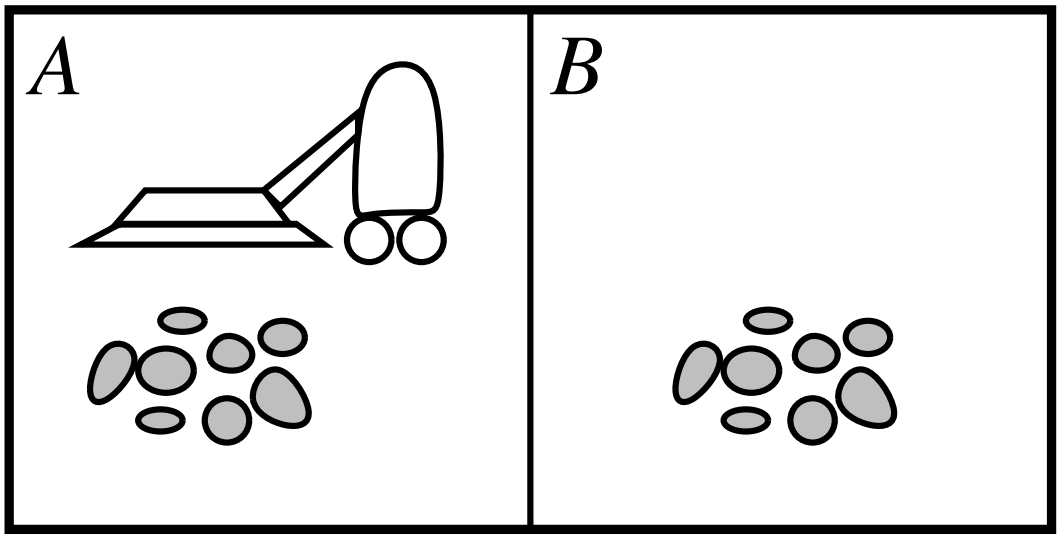
Intelligent Agents

Chapter 2

Vacuum-cleaner world



Percepts: location and contents, e.g., $[A, Dirty]$

Actions: $Left$, $Right$, $Suck$, $NoOp$

A vacuum-cleaner agent

Percept sequence	Action
$[A, Clean]$	$Right$
$[A, Dirty]$	$Suck$
$[B, Clean]$	$Left$
$[B, Dirty]$	$Suck$
$[A, Clean], [A, Clean]$	$Right$
$[A, Clean], [A, Dirty]$	$Suck$
$\vdots$	$\vdots$

function REFLEX-VACUUM-AGENT([*location*,*status*]) **returns** an action

if *status* = *Dirty* **then return** *Suck*
else if *location* = *A* **then return** *Right*
else if *location* = *B* **then return** *Left*

What is the right function?

Can it be implemented in a small agent program?

Rationality

Fixed performance measure evaluates the environment sequence

– one point per square cleaned up in time T?

– one point per clean square per time step, minus one per move?

– penalize for $> k$ dirty squares?

A rational agent chooses whichever action maximizes the expected value of the performance measure given the percept sequence to date

Rational $\neq$ omniscient

Rational $\neq$ clairvoyant

Rational $\neq$ successful

Rational $\Rightarrow$ exploration, learning, autonomy

PEAS

To design a rational agent, we must specify the task environment

Consider, e.g., the task of designing an automated taxi:

Performance measure??

Environment??

Actuators??

Sensors??

PEAS

To design a rational agent, we must specify the task environment

Consider, e.g., the task of designing an automated taxi:

Performance measure?? safety, destination, profits, legality, comfort, . . .

Environment?? US streets/freeways, traffic, pedestrians, weather, . . .

Actuators?? steering, accelerator, brake, horn, speaker/display, . . .

Sensors?? video, accelerometers, gauges, engine sensors, keyboard, GPS, . . .

Internet shopping agent

Performance measure??

Environment??

Actuators??

Sensors??

Environment types

	Solitaire	Backgammon	Internet shopping	Taxi
Observable??				
Deterministic??				
Episodic??				
Static??				
Discrete??				
Single-agent??				

Environment types

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Discrete??	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Single-agent??	Yes	No	Yes (except auctions)	No

The environment type largely determines the agent design

The real world is (of course) partially observable, stochastic, sequential, dynamic, continuous, multi-agent

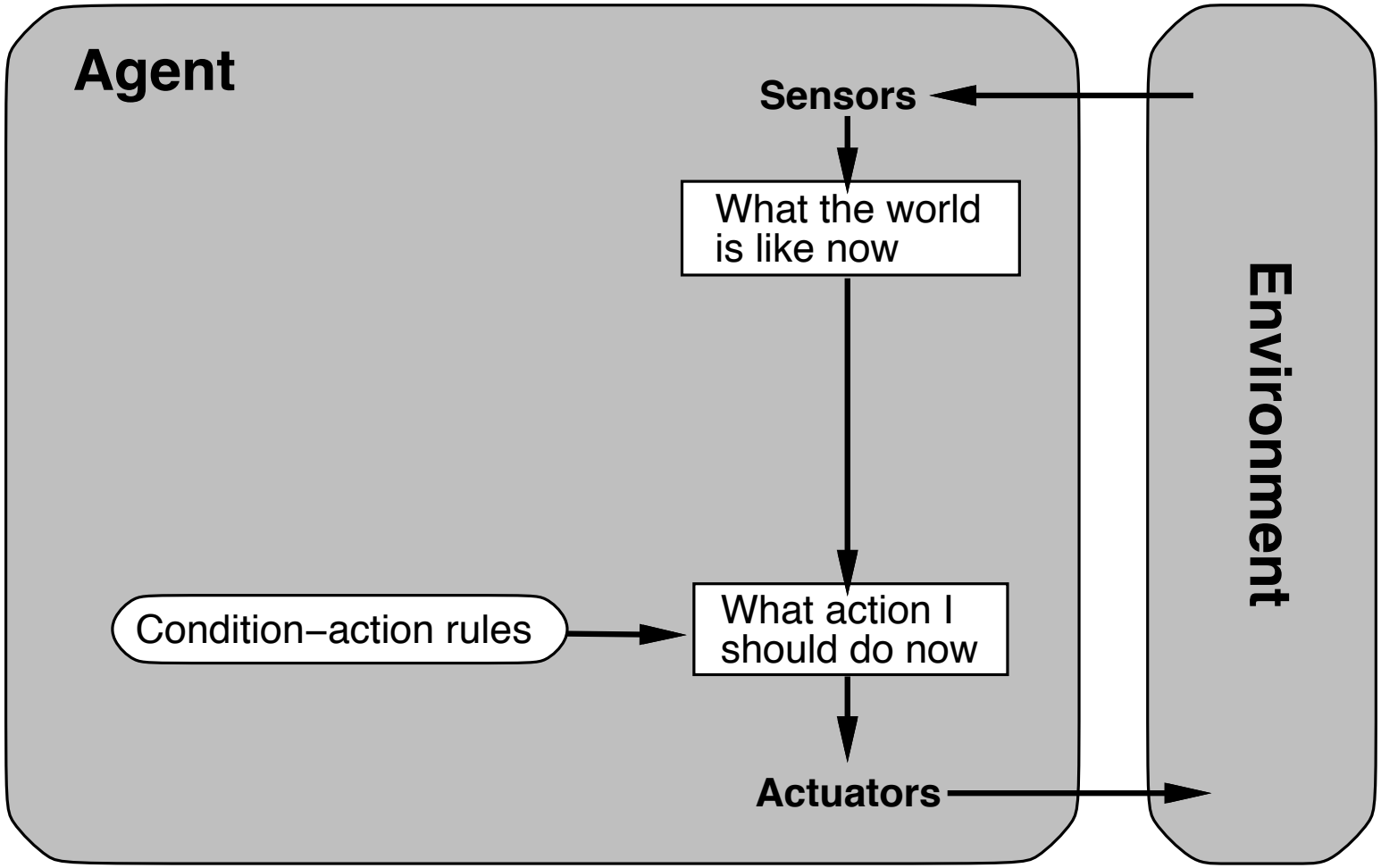
Agent types

Four basic types in order of increasing generality:

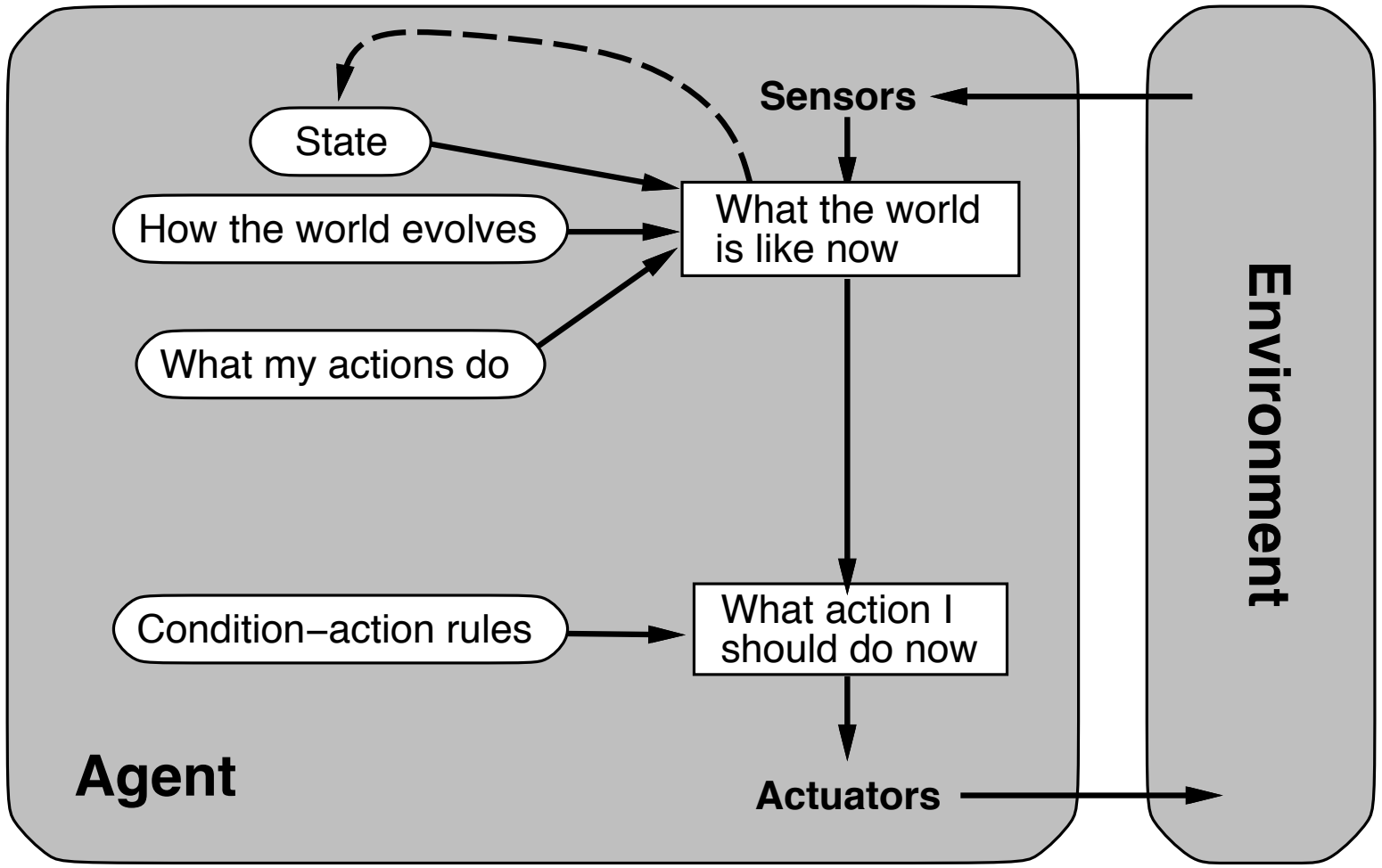
- simple reflex agents
- reflex agents with state
- goal-based agents
- utility-based agents

All these can be turned into learning agents

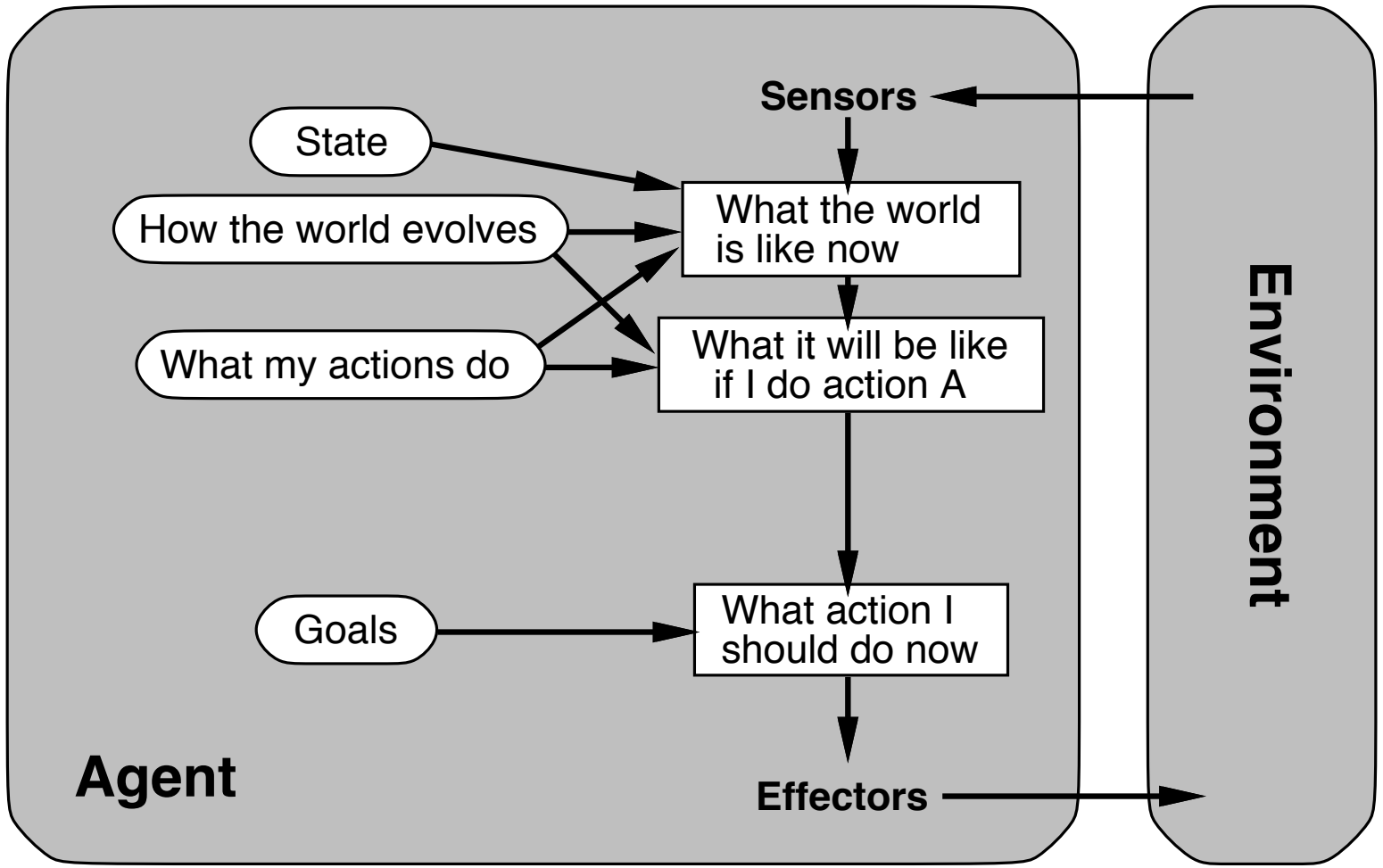
Simple reflex agents



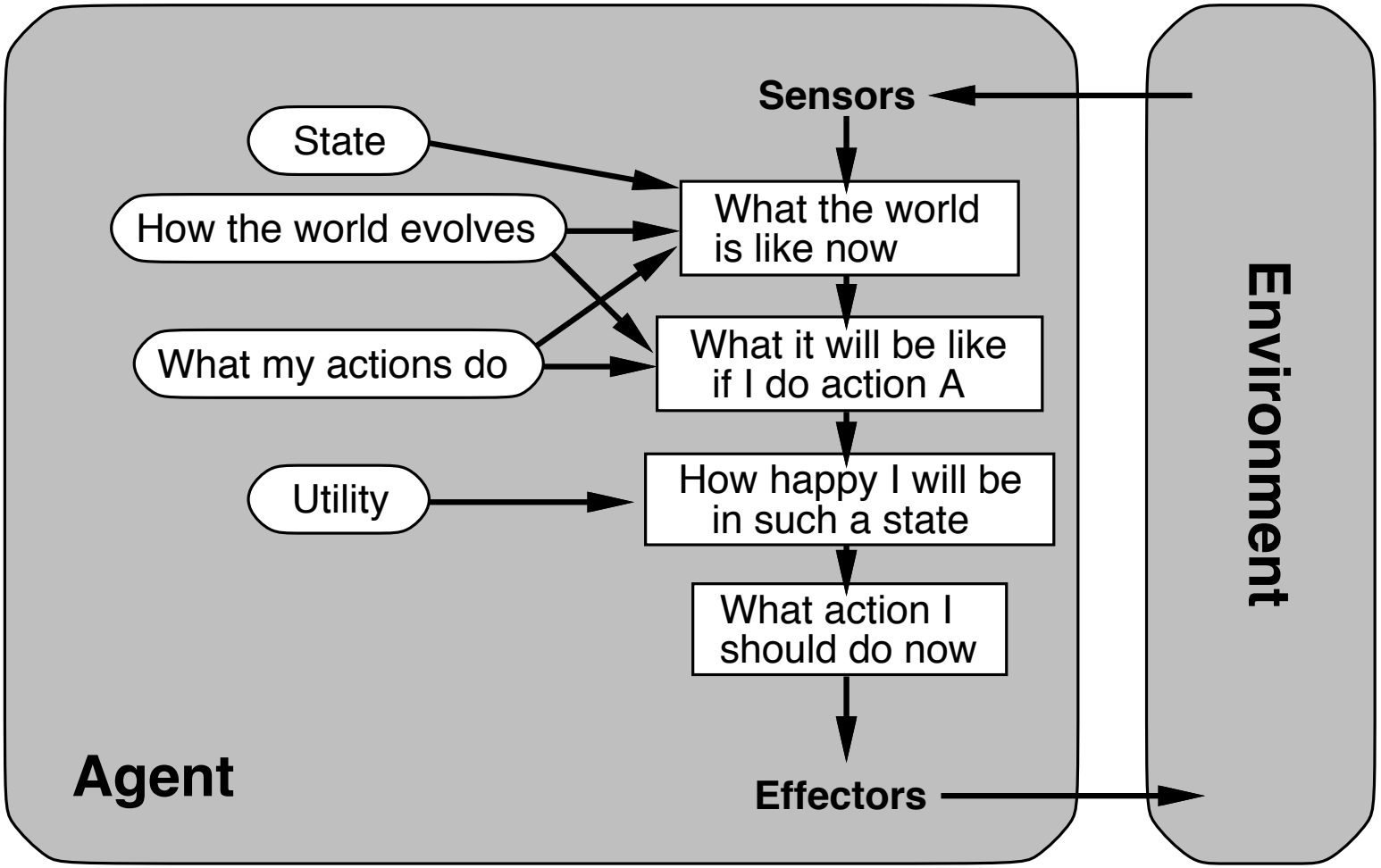
Reflex agents with state



Goal-based agents



Utility-based agents



Learning agents