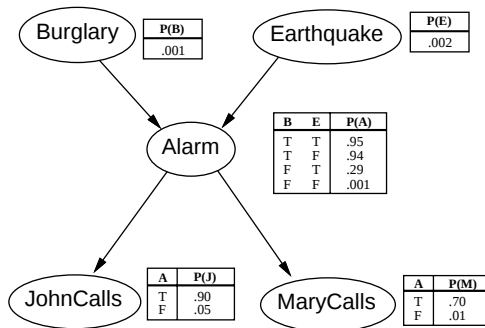


Variable Elimination Example

A typical belief network with conditional probabilities is given in the following figure:



The letters B, E, A, J , and M stand for *Burglary*, *Earthquake*, *Alarm*, *JohnCalls*, and *MaryCalls*, respectively. All variables (nodes) are Boolean, so the probability of, say, $\neg P(A)$ in any row of its table is $1 - P(A)$. Use *variable elimination* method to compute probability $P(\mathbf{B}|j, m)$.

a	$P(m a) = f_M(a)$	a	$P(j a) = f_J(a)$
t	0.70	t	0.90
f	0.01	f	0.05

a	b	e	$P(a b, e) = f_A(a, b, e)$
t	t	t	0.95
t	t	f	0.94
t	f	t	0.94
t	f	f	0.94
f	t	t	0.05
f	t	f	0.06
f	f	t	0.71
f	f	f	0.999

b	e	$f_{\bar{A}JM}(b, e)$
t	t	$0.95*0.70*0.90 + 0.05*0.01*0.05 = 0.598525$
t	f	$0.94*0.70*0.90 + 0.06*0.01*0.05 = 0.59223$
f	t	$0.29*0.70*0.90 + 0.71*0.01*0.05 = 0.183055$
f	f	$0.001*0.70*0.90 + 0.999*0.01*0.05 = 0.0011295$

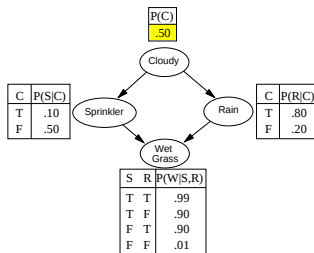
e	$P(e) = f_E(e)$	b	$f_{\bar{E}\bar{A}JM}(b)$
t	0.002	t	$0.002*0.598525 + 0.998*0.59223 = 0.59224259$
f	0.998	f	$0.002*0.183055 + 0.998*0.0011295 = 0.0014934$

b	$f_B(b)$	b	$f_B(b) \times f_{\bar{E}\bar{A}JM}(b)$
t	0.001	t	$0.001*0.59224259 = 0.00059224259$
f	0.999	f	$0.999*0.0014934 = 0.0014919066$

$$P(\mathbf{B}|j, m) = \alpha < 0.00059224259, 0.0014919066 > \approx < 0.2842, 0.7158 >$$

Problem #24

A typical belief network with conditional probabilities is given in the following figure:



The letters C, R, S and W stand for *Cloudy*, *Rain*, *Sprinkler*, and *Wet Grass*, respectively. All variables (nodes) are Boolean, so the probability of, say, $\neg A$ in any row of its table is $1 - P(A)$.

- Assuming that the nodes are introduced in the following order *Wet Grass*, *Sprinkler*, *Rain* and *Cloudy* construct a corresponding belief network. Show which probabilities need to be specified.
- Compute probabilities $P(W)$ and $P(S|W)$.

Problem #24: Solution a)

Order: W, S, R, C . Probabilities $P(W)$, $P(S|W)$, $P(R|S, W)$,
 $P(C|R, S, W)$

- $P(W)$

Problem #24: Solution a)

Order: W, S, R, C . Probabilities $P(W)$, $P(S|W)$, $P(R|S, W)$, $P(C|R, S, W)$

- $P(W)$
- $P(S|W) = P(S)?$

Problem #24: Solution a)

Order: W, S, R, C . Probabilities $P(W)$, $P(S|W)$, $P(R|S, W)$, $P(C|R, S, W)$

- $P(W)$
- $P(S|W) = P(S)?$
- $P(S|W) = P(S)?$ No!

Problem #24: Solution a)

Order: W, S, R, C . Probabilities $P(W)$, $P(S|W)$, $P(R|S, W)$, $P(C|R, S, W)$

- $P(W)$
- $P(S|W) = P(S)?$
- $P(S|W) = P(S)?$ No!
- $P(R|S, W) = P(R|S)?$

Problem #24: Solution a)

Order: W, S, R, C . Probabilities $P(W)$, $P(S|W)$, $P(R|S, W)$, $P(C|R, S, W)$

- $P(W)$
- $P(S|W) = P(S)?$
- $P(S|W) = P(S)?$ No!
- $P(R|S, W) = P(R|S)?$
- $P(R|S, W) = P(R|S)?$ No!

Problem #24: Solution a)

Order: W, S, R, C . Probabilities $\mathbf{P(W)}$, $\mathbf{P(S|W)}$, $\mathbf{P(R|S, W)}$, $\mathbf{P(C|R, S, W)}$

- $P(W)$
- $P(S|W) = P(S)?$
- $P(S|W) = P(S)?$ No!
- $P(R|S, W) = P(R|S)?$
- $P(R|S, W) = P(R|S)?$ No!
- $P(C|R, S, W) = P(C|R, S)?$ $P(C|R, S, W) = P(C|R)?$
- $P(C|R, S, W) = P(C|R, S)?$ Yes! $P(C|R, S, W) = P(C|R)?$ No!

Problem #24: Solution b)

$$P(W) = \sum_c \sum_s \sum_r P(c)P(s|c)P(r|c)P(W|s, r)$$

$$P(W) = \sum_c P(c) \sum_s P(s|c) \sum_r P(r|c)P(W|s, r)$$

$$\begin{aligned} P(w) = & P(c)\{P(s|c)[P(r|c)P(w|s, r) + P(\neg r|c)P(w|s\neg r)] + \\ & P(\neg s|c)[P(r|c)P(w|\neg s, r) + P(\neg r|c)P(w|\neg s\neg r)]\} + \\ & P(\neg c)\{P(s|\neg c)[P(r|\neg c)P(w|s, r) + P(\neg r|\neg c)P(w|s\neg r)] + \\ & P(\neg s|\neg c)[P(r|\neg c)P(w|\neg s, r) + P(\neg r|\neg c)P(w|\neg s\neg r)]\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P(w) = & 0.5\{0.1[0.8 * 0.99 + 0.2 * 0.9] + 0.9[0.8 * 0.9 + 0.2 * 0.01]\} + \\ & 0.5\{0.5[0.2 * 0.99 + 0.8 * 0.9] + 0.5[0.2 * 0.9 + 0.8 * 0.01]\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} P(w) = & 0.5[0.1 * 1.512 + 0.9 * 0.722] + 0.5[0.5 * 0.918 + 0.5 * 0.188] \\ & 0.5 * 0.801 + 0.5 * 0.553 = 0.677 \end{aligned}$$

$$P(\neg w) = 0.323$$

Problem #24: Solution b)

$$P(\mathbf{S}|\mathbf{W}) = P(\mathbf{S}, \mathbf{W})/P(\mathbf{W}) = \alpha \sum_c \sum_r P(c)P(\mathbf{S}|c)P(r|c)P(\mathbf{W}|\mathbf{S}, r)$$

$$P(\mathbf{S}|\mathbf{W}) = \alpha \sum_c P(c)P(\mathbf{S}|c) \sum_r P(r|c)P(\mathbf{W}|\mathbf{S}, r)$$

$$\begin{aligned} P(s|w) &= \alpha \{ P(c)P(s|c)[(P(r|c)P(w|s, r) + P(\neg r|c)P(w|s, \neg r)] + \\ &\quad P(\neg c)P(s|\neg c)[(P(r|\neg c)P(w|s, r) + P(\neg r|\neg c)P(w|s, \neg r)] \} \\ &= \alpha [0.05(0.8 * 0.99 + 0.18) + 0.25(0.2 * 0.99 + 0.72)] = 0.2781 \end{aligned}$$

$$P(\neg s|w) = \alpha [0.45(0.8 * 0.9 + 0.2 * 0.01) + 0.25(0.2 * 0.9 + 0.8 * 0.01)]$$

$$P(s|\neg w) = ?$$

$$P(\neg s|\neg w) = ?$$

$$P(s|w) + P(\neg s|w) = 1, \quad P(s|\neg w) + P(\neg s|\neg w) = 1,$$