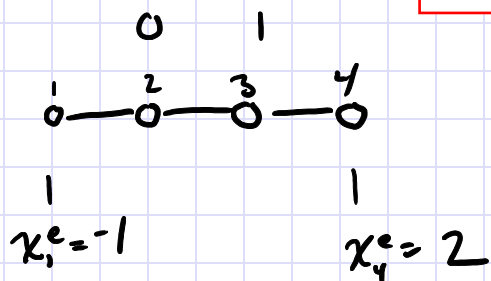


4.1

Example 1:

Compute shape functions, displacement, strain for a cubic (4-node) element.



a) Construct shape functions in terms of x

$$N_1^e = \frac{(x-x_2^e)(x-x_3^e)(x-x_4^e)}{(x_1^e-x_2^e)(x_1^e-x_3^e)(x_1^e-x_4^e)} = \frac{-x(x-1)(x-2)}{6}$$

$$N_2^e = \frac{(x-1)(x+1)(x-2)}{2}$$

$$N_3^e = \frac{-(x+1)(x)(x-2)}{2}$$

$$N_4^e = \frac{(x-x_1^e)(x-x_2^e)(x-x_3^e)}{(x_4^e-x_1^e)(x_4^e-x_2^e)(x_4^e-x_3^e)} = \frac{(x+1)x(x-1)}{6}$$

b) $\tilde{d}^e = 10^{-3} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$ then what is $u^e(x)$

$$10^{-3} \left(\frac{-x(x-1)(x-2)}{6} - \frac{(x+1)x(x-2)}{2} + \frac{4}{6} (x+1)(x)(x-1) \right)$$

$$-\frac{(x^3 - 3x^2 + 2x)}{6} - \frac{(x^3 - 1x^2 - 2x)}{2} + \frac{4}{6}(x^3 - x)$$

$$u^h(x) = 10^{-3}x^2$$

$$u^h(-1) = 10^{-3} \cdot 1$$

$$u^h(0) = 0$$

$$u^h(1) = 1$$

$$u^h(2) = 10^{-3}(4)$$

c) What is the B matrix?

$$B_i = \frac{dN_i}{dx}$$

$$N_1 = \frac{-x(x-1)(x-2)}{6} = \frac{-x^3 + 3x^2 - 2x}{6}$$

$$B_1 = \frac{-3x^2 + 6x - 2}{6} = -\frac{1}{2}x^2 + x - \frac{1}{3}$$

$$B_2 = \frac{3}{2}x^2 - 2x - \frac{1}{2}$$

$$B_3 = -\frac{3}{2}x^2 + x + 1$$

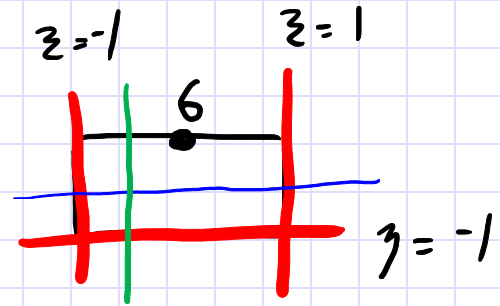
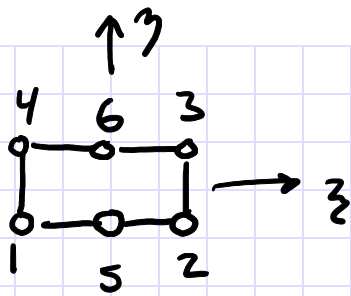
$$N_4 = \frac{(x+1)x(x-1)}{6} = \frac{x^3 - x}{6}$$

$$B_4 = \frac{1}{2}x^2 - \frac{1}{6}$$

$$\epsilon(x) = \underline{B}^e \underline{d}^e = \left[\left(-\cancel{\frac{1}{2}}x^2 + x - \cancel{\frac{1}{3}} \right) + \left(\cancel{\frac{3}{2}}x^2 + x + 1 \right) + 4 \left(\cancel{\frac{1}{2}}x^2 - \cancel{\frac{1}{6}} \right) \right] 10^{-3}$$

$$= 2 \times 10^{-3} x \quad \checkmark$$

e) what is the strain when $\underline{d}^T = [1 \ 1 \ 1 \ 1]$



$$N_6(\xi, \eta) = \frac{-(\xi+1)(\xi-1)(\eta+1)}{2}$$

$$\begin{matrix} \xi = 0 \\ \eta = 1 \end{matrix}$$

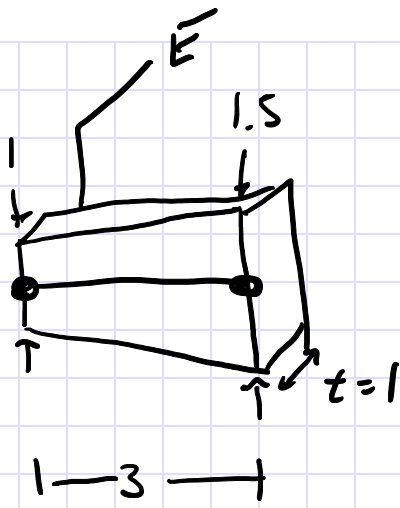
$$N_6(\vec{\xi}_6) = 1$$

Example 2:

Determine shape function of a 6-node (mixed quadratic/linear) 2D element.

Example 3:

Compute element stiffness matrix for 1D element w/
linearly varying cross sectional area.



What is $\tilde{K}^e$?

$$J^e = \frac{2x}{23} = \frac{\Delta x}{\Delta \xi}$$

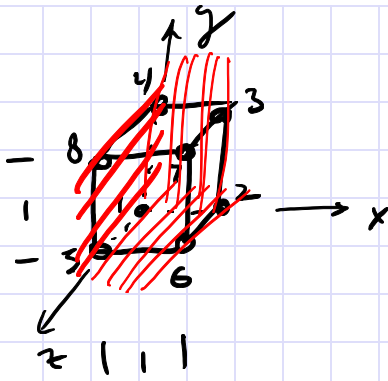
$$\tilde{K}^e = \int_{-1}^1 \tilde{B}^T E A(x) \tilde{B}^e J^e d\xi$$

$$= \frac{3}{2}$$

$$\tilde{B}^e = \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$E \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{3} \\ \frac{1}{3} \end{bmatrix} (1.25) \begin{bmatrix} -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} \end{bmatrix} \frac{3}{2} (2)$$

$$= \frac{5E}{12} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



What is

Example 4

Write the shape function for node 7

$$x_7 = 1 \quad y_7 = 1 \quad z_7 = 1$$

$$N_7(x, y, z) = x y z$$

$$\vec{x} = (x, y, z)$$