# **Data Structures and Algorithms**

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**Data Structure and Algorithms** 



## outline

### Queues

- What are Queues?
- Operations on Queue
  - Insertion
  - Deletion
- Queue as an Array
- Queue as a Linked List

- Circular Queues
- Deque (Double-ended Queue)
- Priority Queue
- Applications of Queues

### Queue

- Queue is a linear data structure that permits insertion of new element at one end and deletion of an element at the other end.
- **Deletion** of element from front
- Insertion of element from rear
- ADT (Abstract Data Type)
- Example:
  - A queue of persons paying bill in bank
  - A queue of people waiting at a bus stop

Also known as **FIFO (First In First Out)**.

### **Pictorial Representation of Queue**



https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Queue\_(abstract\_data\_type)

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## **Operations on Queue**

- Insert: Allows adding an element at the rear of the queue.
- **Delete:** Allows to remove an element from the front of the queue.
- See <u>Animation</u> for working of a queue



## **Representation of Queue**

### Queue as an Array

### Queue as a Linked List



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### **Queue as an Array**



### See <u>source code in C++</u> for Queue as an Array



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### **Queue as a Linked List**



### See <u>source code in C++</u> for Queue as a Linked List



## **Circular Queue**



- See <u>Animation</u> of working of circular queue
- See <u>source code in C++</u> for circular queue









# **Deque (Double-ended Queue)**

- Insertion and deletion at either the front or rear end
- Generalization of both a stack and a queue



- See <u>Animation</u> of working of deque
- See <u>source code in C++</u> for deque



## Deque

- Two Types of Deque:
  - Input-restricted deque
    - restricts the insertion of elements at one end only, but deletion of elements can be done at both the ends.



- No addqatbeg() function
- See <u>Animation</u> of working of input-restricted deque
- **Output-restricted deque** 
  - restricts the deletion of elements at one end only, and allows insertion to be done at both the ends of a deque.
  - No delgatbeg() function
  - See <u>Animation</u> of working of output-restricted deque







## **Priority Queue**

- See <u>Animation</u> of working of priority queue
- See <u>source code in C++</u> for priority queue



# **Applications of Queues**

### **Bandwidth management**:

A router is connected to a line with limited bandwidth. If there is insufficient bandwidth, the router maintains a queue for incoming data such that the most important data will get forwarded first as bandwidth becomes available.

### **Printing**:

A shared server has a list of print jobs to print. It wants to print them in chronological order, but each print job also has a *priority*, and higher-priority jobs always print before lowerpriority jobs

### **Algorithms**:

Writing a ghost AI algorithm for Pac-Man. It needs to search for the best path to find Pac-Man; it will enqueue all possible paths with priorities (based on guesses about which one will succeed), and try them in order.

# Acknowledgement

- Mostly Slides taken from Book: "Data Structures through C++" by Yashavant P. Kanetkar
- https://en.wikibooks.org/wiki/Data\_Structures/Stacks\_and\_Queues

