

CSE 469: Computer and Network Forensics

Topic 0: Course Overview



Instructor

Dr. Jaejong Baek (JJ)

- Alumnus of Yonsei (MS & Ph.D.)
- Postdoctoral Research Associate at CDF
- Office: BYENG 460
- Office Hours:
 - Tuesdays 4:15 5:15 PM or by appointment
 - jaejong@asu.edu
- Research interest:
 - Network security, Blockchain, Privacy, Forensics



TA

Sukwha Kyung

- PhD Student
- Office:
 - BYENG 460
- Office Hours:
 - Wednesdays 1-2 PM BYENG 460
 - skyung1@asu.edu

- + 2 Graders
- Saiteja Padakandla
- Saraswathula Abhay Shrinivas



INFOSEC at ASU

Programs:

- Two undergraduate IA concentration programs
 - BS in computer science
 - BSE in computer systems engineering
- Three graduate IA concentration programs
 - MS
 - MCS
 - PhD



INFOSEC at ASU

Concentration in BS (Computer Science):

- Minimum of 15 credits in IA and related areas as technical electives
- Courses:
 - CSE 465 Introduction to Information Assurance
 - CSE 466 Computer System Security
 - CSE 467 Data and Information Security
 - CSE 468 Network Security
 - CSE 469 Computer and Network Forensics

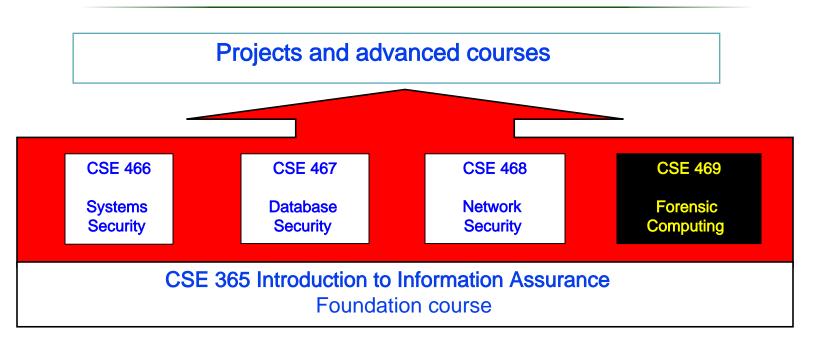


Graduate Level Security Classes

- CSE 539 Applied Cryptography
- CSE 543 Information Assurance and Security
- CSE 545 Software Security
- CSE 548 Advanced Computer Network Security
- Seminar: Computer Security: Techniques and Tactics

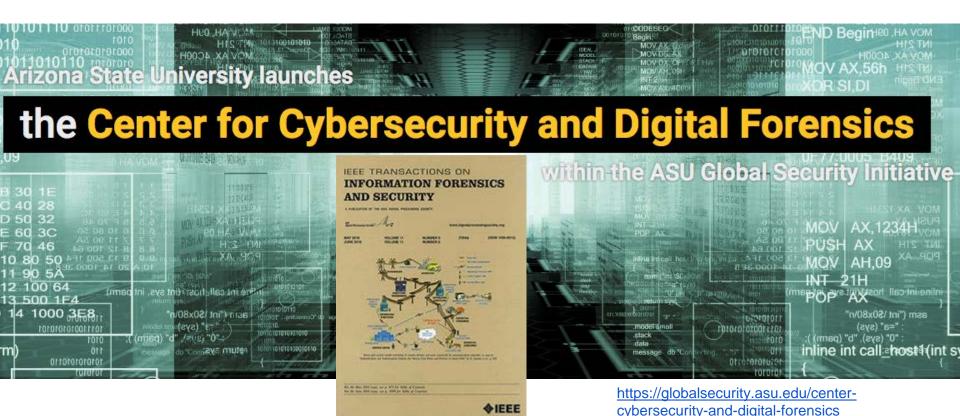


INFOSEC at ASU



NSA and DHS designated ASU as a National Center of Acader Excellence in Information Assurance Education

Computer Security? Computer Forensics?





Goals of Computer Security (CIA Triad)

 Confidentiality: Prevent/detect/deter improper disclosure of information

 Integrity: Prevent/detect/deter improper modification of information

 Availability: Prevent/detect/deter improper denial of access to services provided by the system



Examples

 You should not come to know the scores of your classmates in this class

 You should not be able to change your or others' scores in this class

 You should always be able to view the assignments on the course web site



In Addition to CIA Triad

• **Authenticity**: The assurance that a message, transaction, or other exchange of information is from the *source* it claims to be from.

 Non-repudiation: The assurance that someone cannot deny something, such as the receipt of a message or the authenticity of a statement or contract.



Examples

 You should not pretend, as the TA, to send an email to your classmates

The TA can not pretend he did not send out the message



For the further definition: RFC 4949

```
[Docs] [txt|pdf] [draft-shirey-se...] [Tracker] [Diff1] [Diff2]

INFORMATIONAL

Network Working Group
Request for Comments: 4949
FYI: 36
Obsoletes: 2828
Category: Informational
```

Internet Security Glossary, Version 2

\$ non-repudiation service

 (I) A security service that provide protection against false denial of involvement in an association (especially a communication association that transfers data). (See: repudiation, time stamp.)

Tutorial: Two separate types of denial are possible -- an entity can deny that it sent a data object, or it can deny that it received a data object -- and, therefore, two separate types of non-repudiation service are possible. (See: non-repudiation with proof of origin, non-repudiation with proof of receipt.)



Goals of Computer Forensics

 Forensics is defined as "relating to the use of scientific knowledge or methods in solving crimes."

Postmortem: Forensic analysis after a computer or network is compromised

- Acquire data even if the original owner does not want to leak that data (e.g. deleted from hard disk)
 - Breach the security goal confidentiality



Course Objectives

- The objective of this course is to provide basic and comprehensive understanding of computer forensics and corresponding techniques & tools (md5sum, dcfldd, FTK imager, Volatility, Autopsy, Hex workshop, OpenStego, etc)
 - Understand computer forensics principles
 - Understand computer forensics technologies
 - Understand/practice computer forensic tools
 - Understand other relevant topics including incident responses, cybercrimes, and ethics & legal issues



Course Objectives

 Get hands-on experiences with lab exercises and programming assignments

Introduce you to reading research papers

 Introduce you to real-world security and forensics by inviting external speakers from government, industry, and academia



Two Elements of Digital Forensics

Process

- Distinguishes forensics from data recovery, bug hunting
- How to acquire, handle, and analyze evidence properly
- What precautions to take, pitfalls to be aware of
- Difference between evidence being admissible in court!
- Can apply to any type of digital forensic evidence (if the process is good)

Technical Knowledge

- Deep understanding of the specific technology you need to extract information from
 - How is the data stored at the binary level?
- Technical side is where most forensic research is done

Digital forensics is the application of technical knowledge to extract information from evidence while adhering to a lawful process.



Course Prerequisites

- Knowledge of information systems, computer networks, and their operations:
 - CSE 310 Data Structures and Algorithms
 - Must understand relationship between a data structure and its binary representation

For example:

If I give you this data structure and tell you that a short is 2 bytes, an int is 2 bytes, and a double is 4 bytes, you should be able to tell me which hex values represent the person's age in this memory sample:

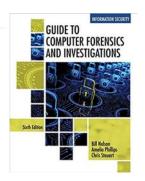
```
struct Employee {
    short id;
    int age;
    double wage;
};
```

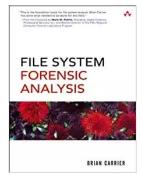
0xd5	0x01	0x34	0x00	0x20	0xa1	0x07	0x00



Textbook/Readings

- No required textbook
- Highly recommended books:
 - Guide To Computer Forensics and Investigations
 - File System Forensic Analysis
- Slides and important reading material will be posted to the course website







Course Communication

- 1. Class website: <u>jaejong.com/cse469s20</u>
 - a. Syllabus, assignments, schedule, lecture slidess, important links, etc.
- 2. Exam grades: Grade scope https://www.gradescope.com/courses/79694/
 - a. Detailed, consistent grading
- 3. Lecture Notes and Mailing list: Piazza
 - a. Collaborative discussion board
- https://piazza.com/asu/spring2020/cse469/home
- b. Be careful not to violate academic integrity! (see course website for examples)



Course Topics

- Principles of digital forensics (Process)
 - Acquisition
 - Authentication
 - Analysis
 - Presentation
 - Rules of evidence
- Computing basics
 - File systems
 - How computers store data
 - How computers communicate

- Forensic tools and technologies
 - Open-source tools
 - Commercial tools
 - How to write your own tools
- Cybercrime investigation
 - What constitutes cyber crime
 - Law and policies on cyber crime
 - Trends in cyber crime
- Other cool topics:
 - Mobile and car forensics
 - Cloud and web forensics



Grading Policy 1/2

- Homework: 45%
 - Assignments: 15%
 - Paper report: 5%
 - Course Project: 25%
- Exams: 50%
 - Midterm: 25%
 - Final: 25%
- Attendance: 5%



Grading Policy 2/2

- Homework: To be done individually
 - Unless otherwise noted in the assignment description
- Project: To be done in groups of 3
- Paper Report: Individual report on a research paper from list on the course website
- Late work: 20% deduction each day late



Academic Integrity

- Regular rules apply
 - See the <u>ASU Student Code of Conduct</u> and <u>ASU Student</u> <u>Academic Integrity Policy</u>.
- Use of code snippets is allowed as long as:
 - Proper credit for the source is given in a comment AND
 - The snippet doesn't constitute a significant portion of your code AND
 - The source is not another past or present student of the course
- Posting assignment code online is not allowed



Class Format

Lecturing

- Lecture notes will be posted to the class website (Piaza)
- Some videos clips will be provided when it needs
- 5 min breaks after the first 40 min
- Each class provides QR code for attendance-checking before class

In-class exercises

- Three students form a group, but each one has to do the exercise
- Students MUST attend all classes
- Bring your laptop and install Virtual machine

https://ets.engineering.asu.edu/vmware/



Homework

- Done individually
- Several programming assignments:
 - Reinforce principles from class by forcing you to think through the details
 - Goal is to give you the skills to be computer forensic scientists, not just tool users
- Some lab exercises:
 - More hands-on practice with forensic tools
 - Extension/continuation of in-class exercises
 - Necessary software will be provided



Course Project

- Group project
 - Same groups of 3 for doing in-class labs
- Write a program for tracking actions taken with evidence items while in custody
- Command-line, Linux-compatible
 - Programming language is your choice

Group Formation Due : January 21 Instructions to be sent out via Piazza