



# CS194A



## Android Programming Workshop

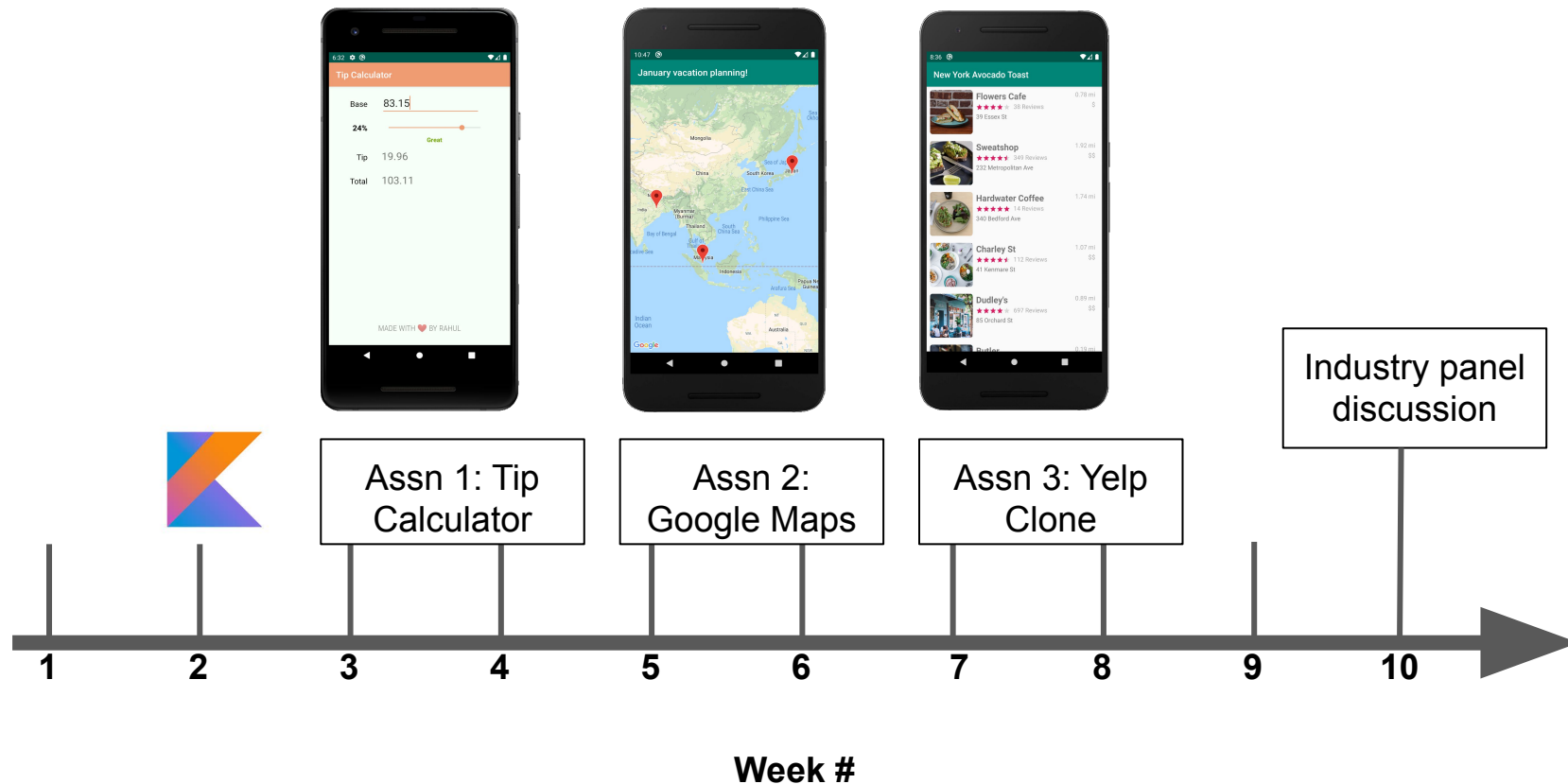
Lecture 2: Sep 23, 2020  
Rahul Pandey

# Outline

- Logistics
- Bigger Number app
- Kotlin overview

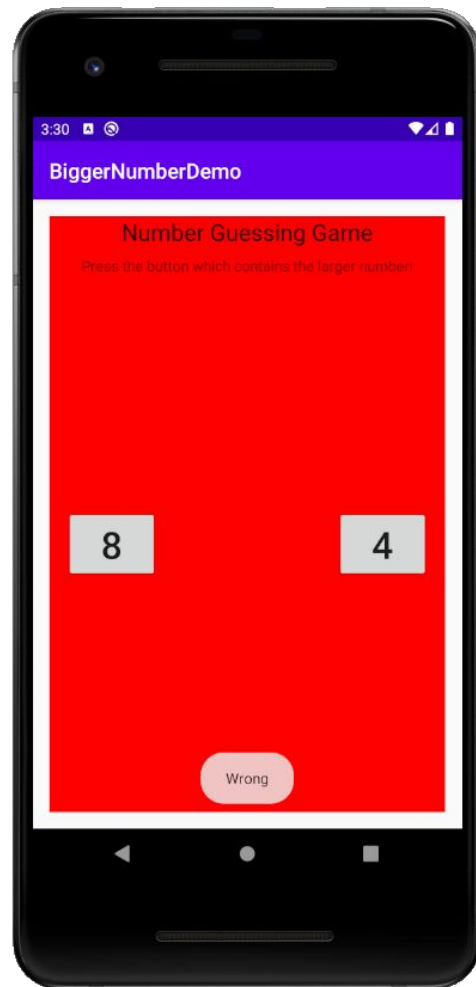
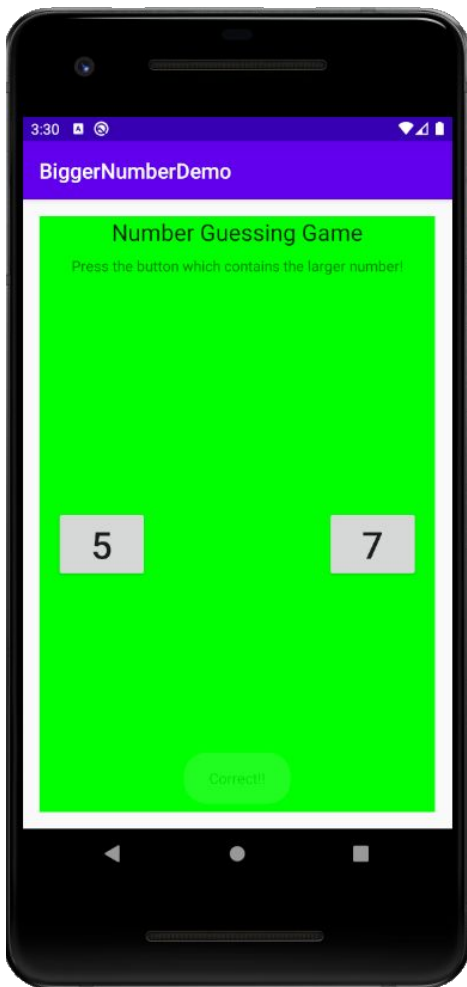
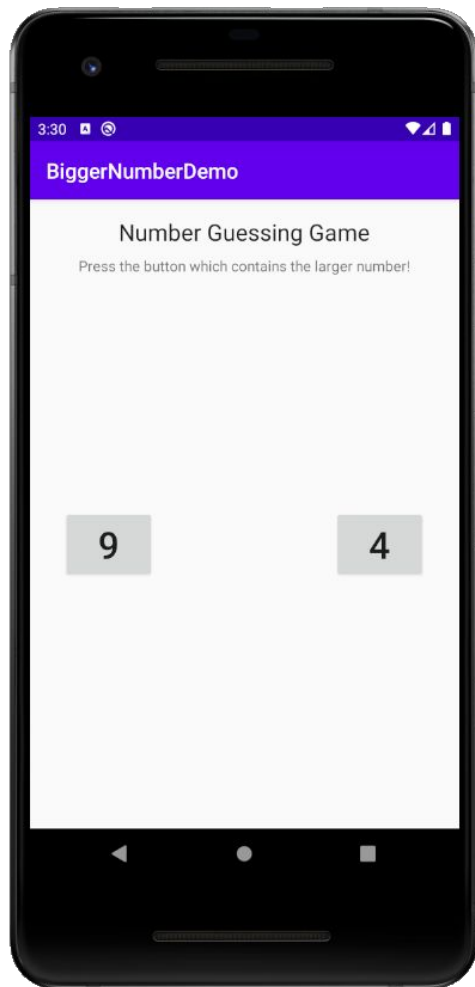
# Outline

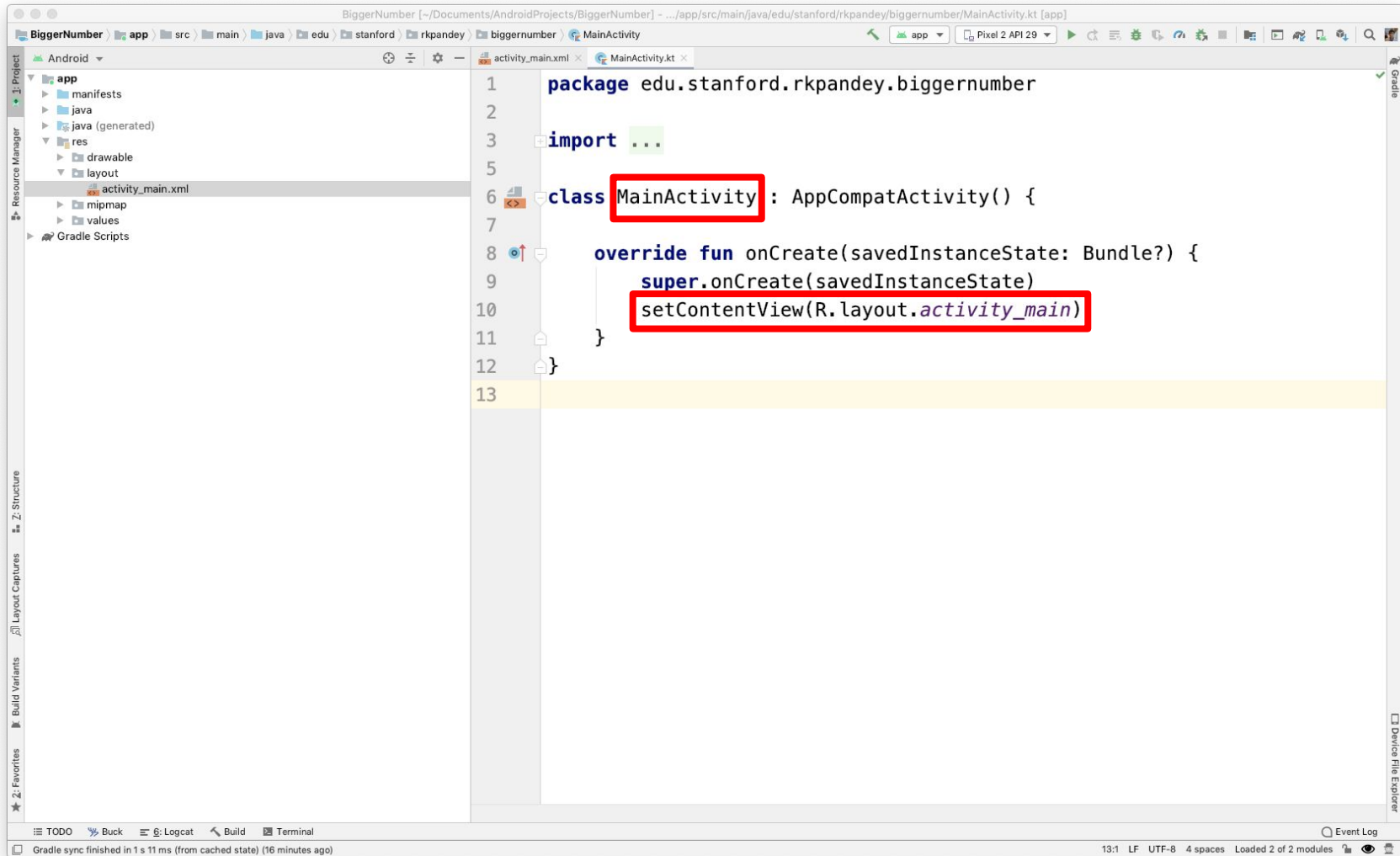
- **Logistics**
- Bigger Number app
- Kotlin overview



# Outline

- Logistics
- **Bigger Number app**
- Kotlin overview





# Activity $\longleftrightarrow$ Layout Communication

The image shows two side-by-side code editors from an IDE. The left editor, titled 'MainActivity.kt', contains the following Kotlin code:

```
1 package edu.stanford.rkpandey.dummyproject
2
3 import ...
4
5
6
7 class MainActivity : AppCompatActivity() {
8
9     override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
10         super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)
11         setContentView(R.layout.activity_main)
12
13         tvHelloWorld.text = "Updated text!"
14     }
15 }
16
```

The right editor, titled 'activity\_main.xml', contains the following XML code:

```
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
2 <LinearLayout
3     xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
4     android:layout_width="match_parent"
5     android:layout_height="match_parent"
6     android:orientation="vertical">
7
8     <TextView
9         android:id="@+id/tvHelloWorld"
10        android:layout_width="wrap_content"
11        android:layout_height="wrap_content"
12        android:text="Hello World!" />
13
14 </LinearLayout>

```

In the Kotlin code, the line `tvHelloWorld.text = "Updated text!"` is highlighted with a red box. In the XML code, the attribute `android:id="@+id/tvHelloWorld"` is highlighted with a red box.

# Outline

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- **Kotlin overview**

# What is Kotlin?

- Programming language developed by JetBrains, [1.0 released in 2016](#)
  - In contrast, Java was released in 1995 by Sun Microsystems
- Statically typed, object oriented
- Incorporated lessons from the widespread use of Java
- Top priority for Kotlin is **pragmatism**
  - Inter-operates with Java by running on the JVM

# Why Kotlin- “follow the community”

- Google I/O 2017: Kotlin support for Android
  - Google I/O 2019: Android will be “Kotlin-first”
- More and more companies are adopting Kotlin
- Potential growth outside the world of Android as well
- Kotlin will make you a better Java developer

# Why Kotlin- “follow the tech”

- Concise
- Safe
- Interoperable
- Tool-friendly
- (Android) Kotlin extensions

# Get last element of a list

```
val myList = listOf(42, 91, 51)
```

```
myList.get(myList.size - 1)
```

```
myList[myList.size - 1]
```

```
myList[myList.lastIndex]
```

```
myList.last()
```

# Why Kotlin [[repo](#)]

- Type inference
- Immutability
- Null safety

# Type inference

## Java

```
String first = "Jane";  
String last = "Smith";  
int age = 35;
```

```
List<String> friends =  
Arrays.asList("April",  
"John");
```

## Kotlin

```
val first: String = "Jane"  
val last = "Smith"  
val age = 35
```

```
val friends = listOf("April", "John")
```

# Immutability

## Java

```
int age = 35;  
age += 1;
```

## Java

```
List<String> friends =  
Arrays.asList("April",  
"John");  
  
friends = Arrays.asList("May",  
"Mark");  
  
friends[0] = "June"
```

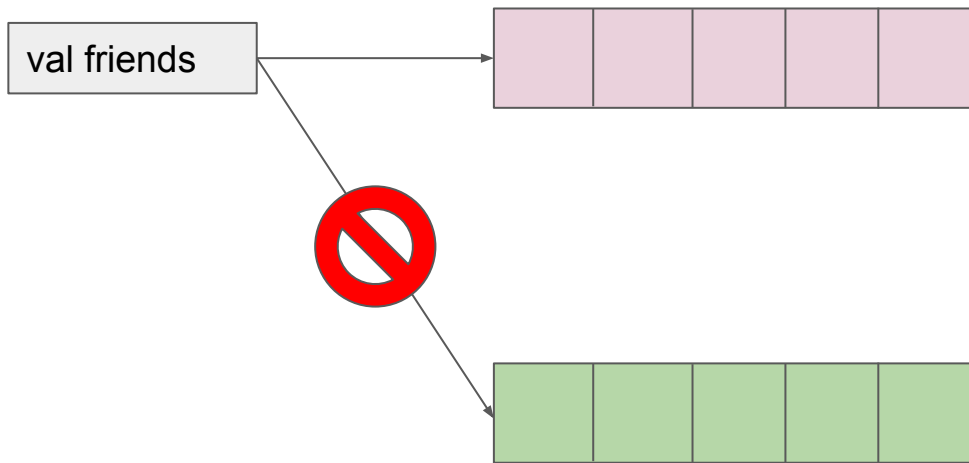
## Kotlin

```
var age = 35  
age += 1
```

## Kotlin

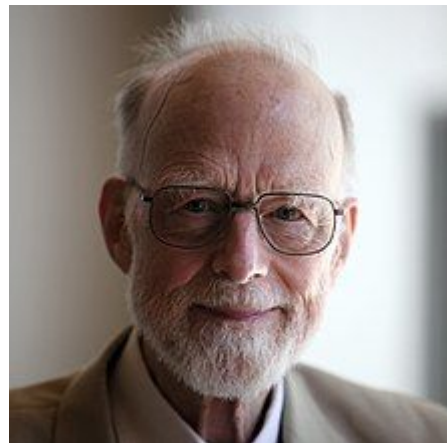
```
val friends = mutableListOf("April",  
"John")  
  
friends[0] = "May"
```

# val vs var



# Nullability

- “I call it my billion-dollar mistake”
  - Tony Hoare
- Kotlin adds null checks at compile-time rather than run-time



# Nullability in Kotlin

## Java

```
String name = null;
int length = name.length();    // runtime crash
if (name != null) {
    int length = name.length(); // ok
}
```

## Kotlin

```
val bad: String = null          // compiler error!
val name: String? = null        // ok
val lengthBad = name.length()   // compiler error!
val length1 = name?.length() ?: 0
if (name != null) {
    val length2 = name.length()
}
```

Practice: [gist](#)

```
data class ExamResult(val name: String, val score: Int)
```

# Extension functions

Extend a class with new functionality without having to inherit from the class

```
fun <T> List<T>.secondToLast(): T? {  
    if (this.size < 2) {  
        return null  
    }  
    return this[this.size - 2]  
}
```

# Other nice features

- Data classes
- Single expression functions
- Automatic setters and getters
- Wrapping Java primitives into objects:
  - Byte, Short, Int, Long, Float, Double, Char, Boolean
  - Still uses primitive under the hood for performance

# Prep for next week

- Code LeetCode problems with Kotlin
  - [Two Sum](#)
  - [Water container](#)
- Android Studio [shortcuts video](#)