

# CS194A

## Android Programming Workshop

Lecture 4: Oct 13, 2021  
Rahul Pandey

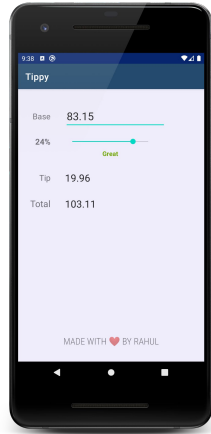
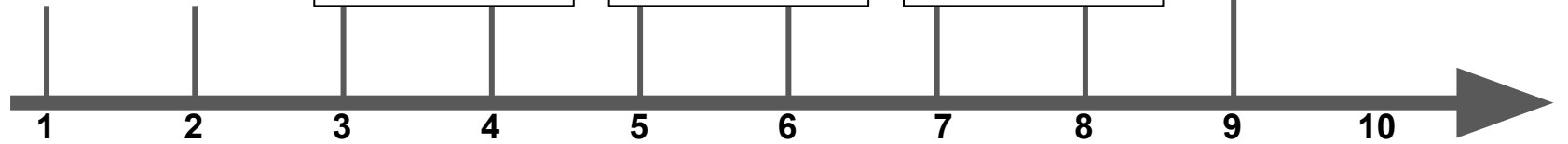


# Outline

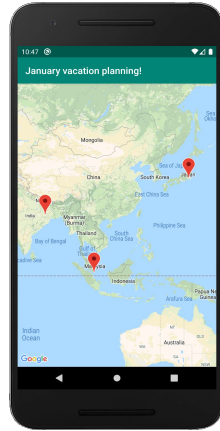
- Logistics
- Layouts review
- ImageView
- RecyclerView

# Outline

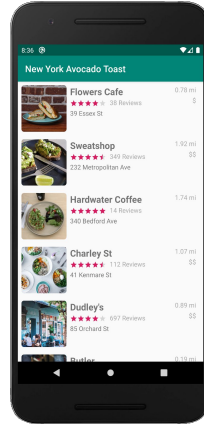
- **Logistics**
- Layouts review
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Assn 1: Tip Calculator



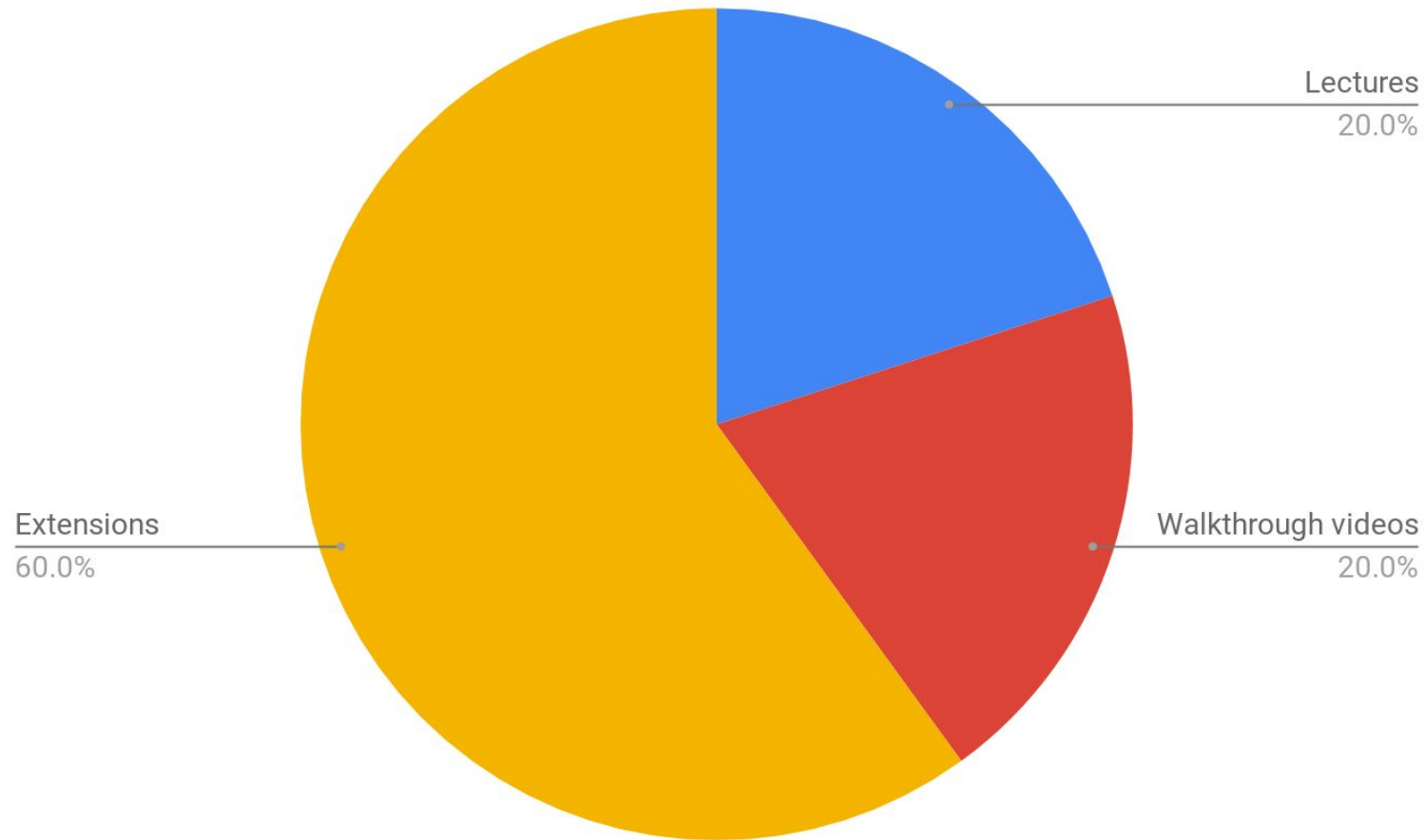
Assn 2: Google Maps



Assn 3: Yelp Clone

Industry panel discussion

Week #

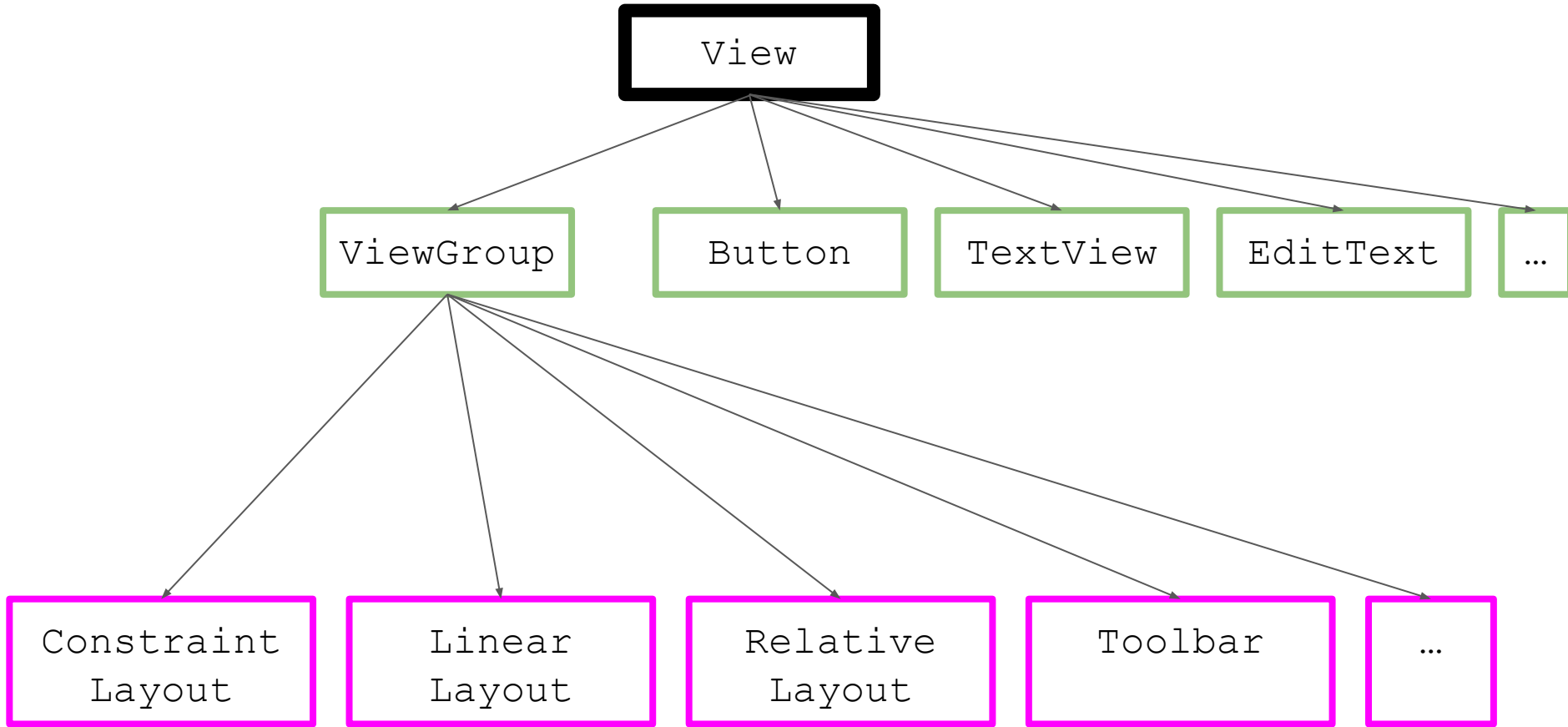


# Outline

- Logistics
- **Layouts review**
- ImageView
- RecyclerView

# Kotlin exercises?

- Two Sum
- Water Container



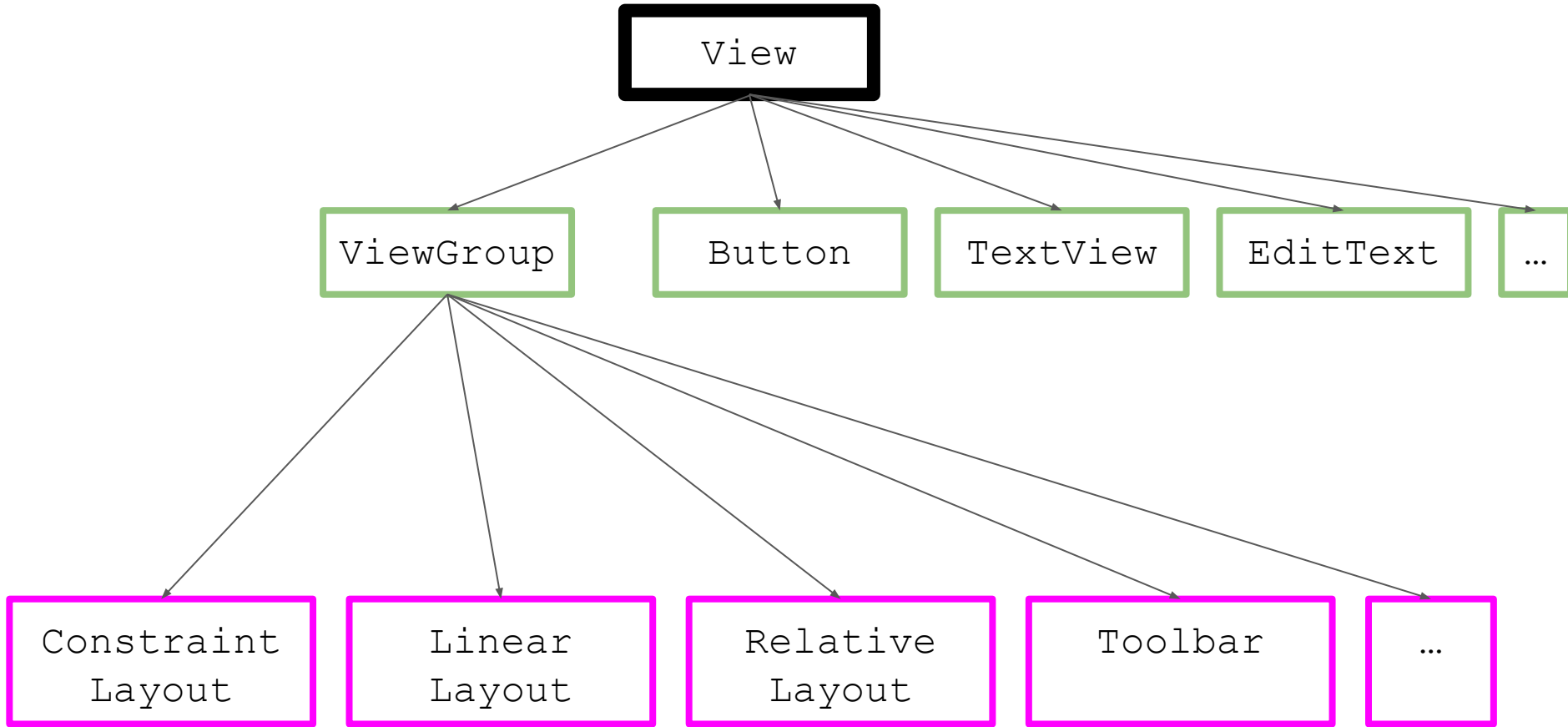


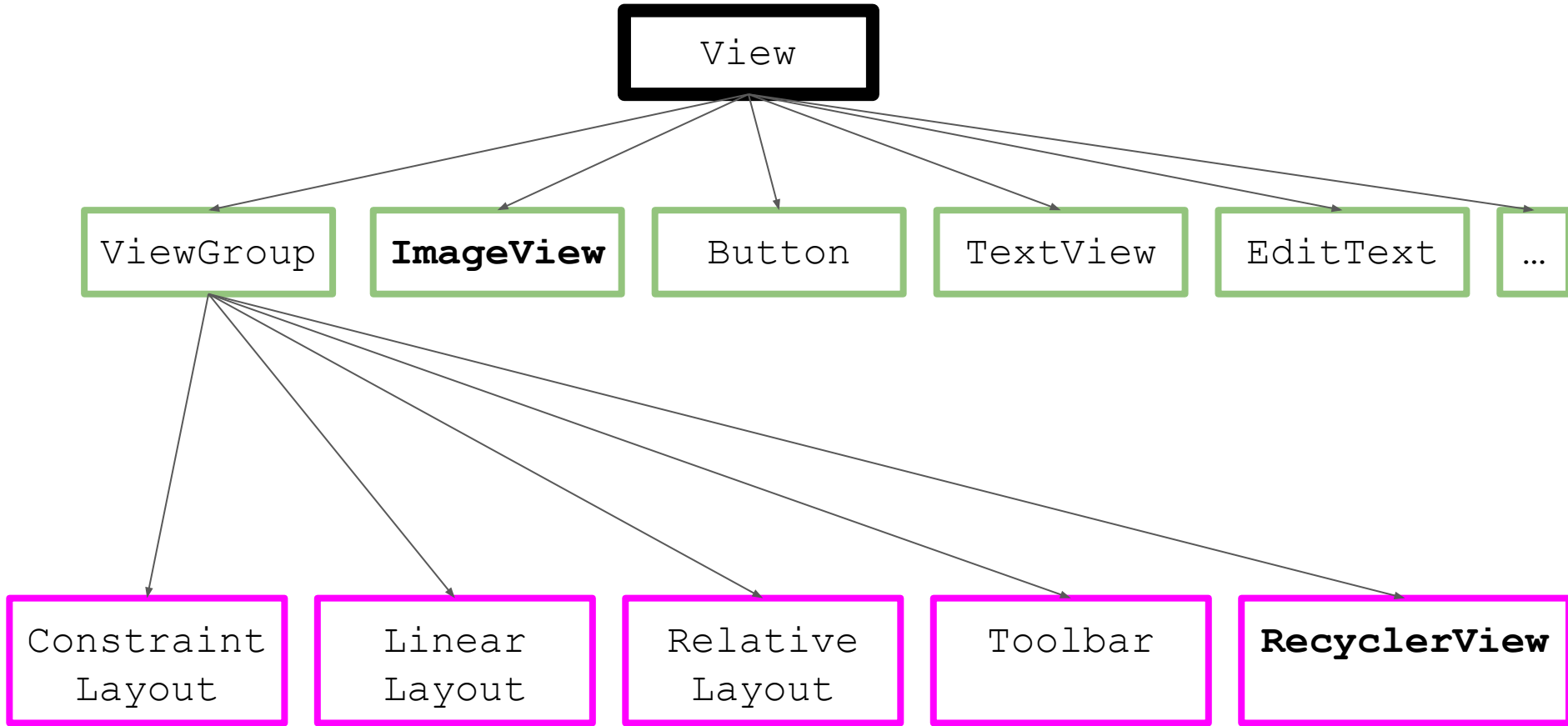
# px, dp, sp

- **px**: actual pixels on the screen
- **dp**: density-independent pixel, based on pixel density of the phone (e.g. 160 dpi vs 440 dpi)
  - Use this for view padding/margins/width/height
- **sp**: scale-independent pixels, scaled by user's font preferences.
  - Use this for text

# Views and ViewGroups

- Can be declared in layout XML file
- Don't waste time memorizing attribute names
- Added programmatically in Kotlin





# Outline

- Logistics
- Layouts review
- **ImageView**
- RecyclerView

# ImageView

- Displays image resources
- Why does it require special handling?
  - Memory usage
  - Scale type
  - Fetching remote images

# ImageView - memory usage

- Be mindful of memory usage
  - Pixel phone: 12 MP camera
  - $4048 * 3036$  pixels, 4 bytes per pixel = 48 MB memory
  - This can crash your app on older devices!
- Libraries such as **Glide** will handle this for you

# ImageView - scale type

CENTER	center the image in the view, no scaling
CENTER_CROP	Scale the image uniformly so both width/height are <b>greater than or equal</b> to the view width/height
CENTER_INSIDE	Scale image uniformly so both width/height are <b>less than or equal</b> to the view width/height
FIT_CENTER	( <b>Default</b> ) Ensure the image fits entirely inside the view, similar to CENTER_INSIDE
FIT_XY	Scale X and Y dimensions of the image independently to exactly match the view dimensions (may <b>change the aspect ratio</b> )



# ImageView - remote images

- We'll often want to render an image based on a URL
- Network requests are an example of an asynchronous operation
  - Downloading the image must be done on a background thread
  - Translate the image into a bitmap
- Stanford [image url](#)

# Image loading libraries

- Can fetch, decode, and display bitmaps in your app
- Can also do image transformations, e.g. rounded corners
- Popular libraries
  - **Glide** - from Google
  - **Picasso** - from Square
  - **Fresco** - from Facebook

# Outline

- Logistics
- Layouts review
- ImageView
- **RecyclerView**

# RecyclerView

- The recommended way to display a list of items in Android
- Released with Android Lollipop in 2014
- Supercedes the ListView component

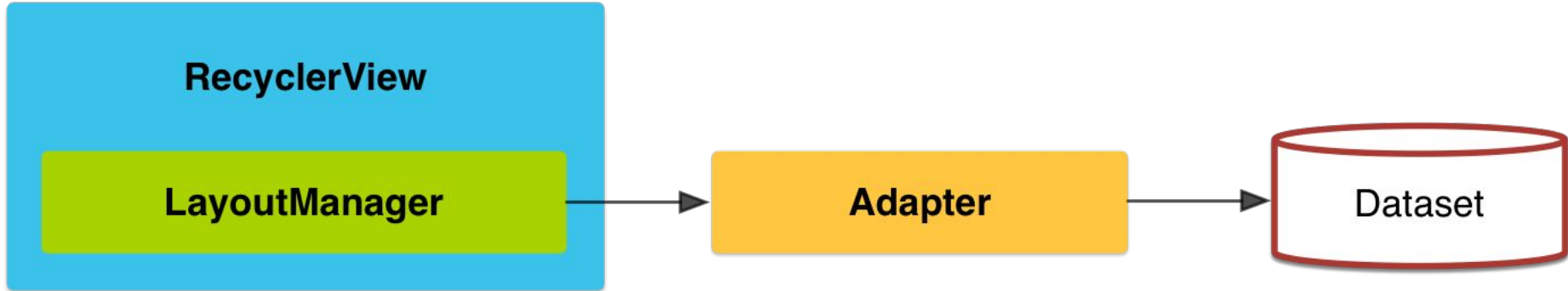
# RecyclerView- why so complex?

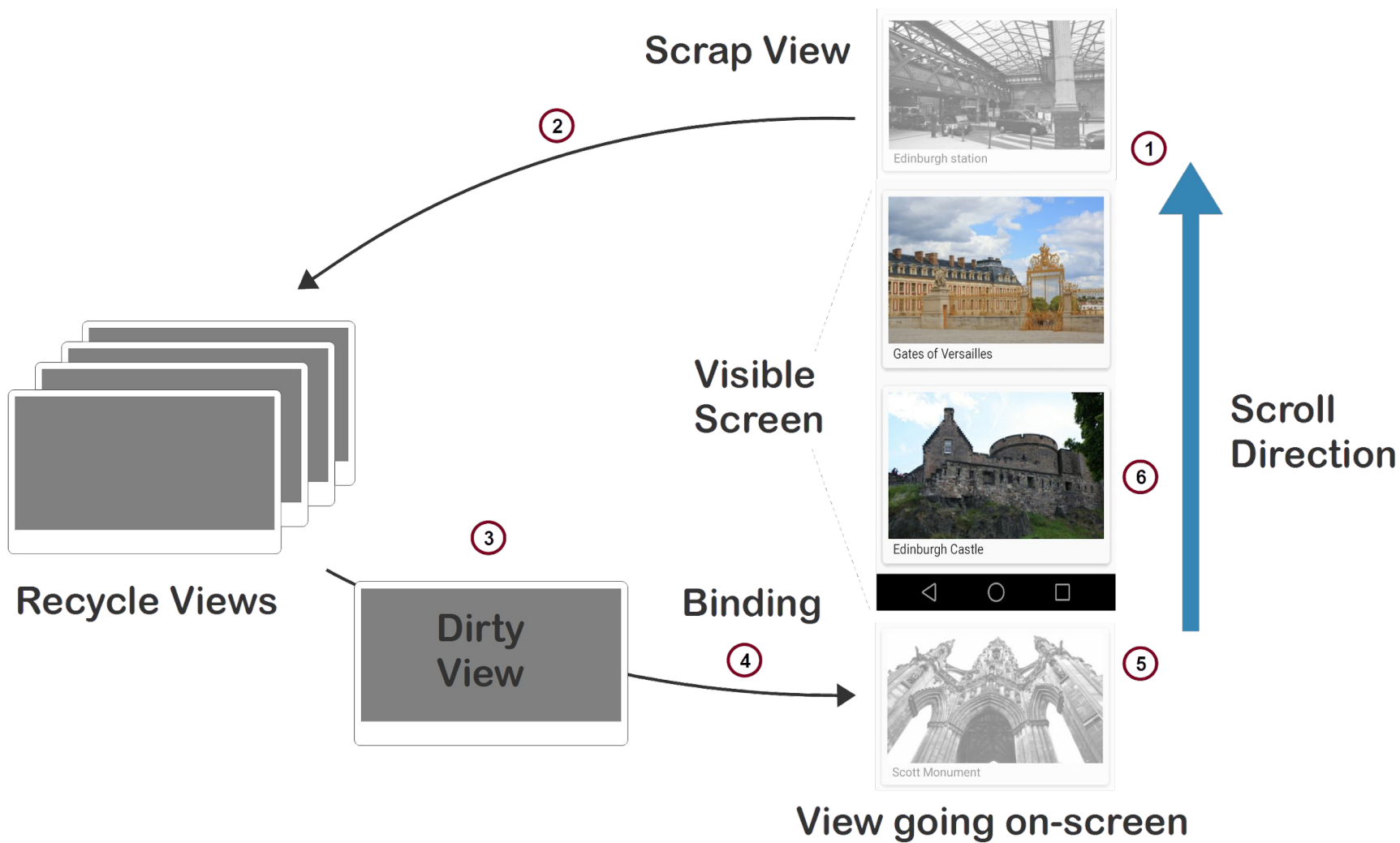
- Memory usage concerns
- Variety of ways to display and animate
- Need fine-grained control over individual list elements and click listeners

# RecyclerView vs ListView

- (+) More efficient by default (use the ViewHolder pattern)
- (+) More flexible for styling + animations
- (+) Separation of concerns
- (-) More complicated

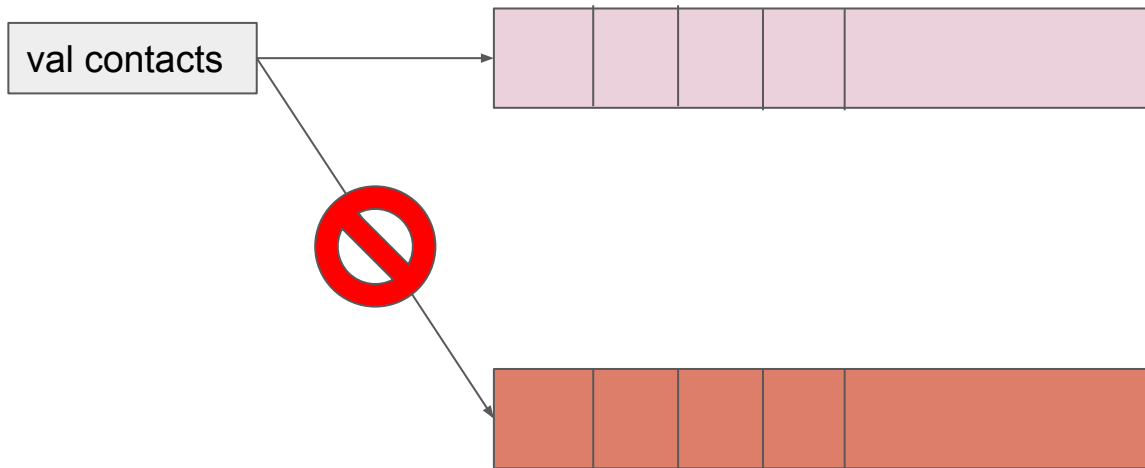
# RecyclerView Components







# val vs var



## Further reading

- RecyclerView in <50 lines of code: [videos](#)
- Codepath guide: [link](#)
- Android developer guide: [link](#)

# Prep for next week

- Complete extensions for the Tip Calculator by Sunday
- Submit feedback for your partner before next lecture