



THE UNIVERSITY
OF BRITISH COLUMBIA



ReSeSS

The Reliable, Secure, and Sustainable
Software Lab

Dynamic Slicing with Trace-Based Alias Analysis

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Reliable, Secure, and Sustainable Software Lab (ReSeSS)



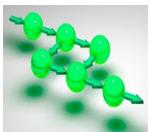
Mobile software

(malware detection, efficient testing, energy-efficiency)



Analysis for microservice-based cloud software

(quality, security, performance, efficient deployment)



Compositional software development

(integration and upgrade management, automated repairs)



Trustworthy AI

(security, reliability, quality assurance, fairness, ethics)



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Debugging ...

The screenshot shows a Java development environment with several tabs open, each displaying a portion of the codebase. The tabs are:

- TaintInjector.java
- MethodInfo.java
- TaintSource.java
- TaintInjector.java
- TaintInjector.java
- PathTaint.java
- PathTaint9+.java

The code is annotated with numerous green and blue highlights, likely from a static analysis or code coverage tool. The annotations are concentrated in the following areas:

- MethodInfo.java:** Annotations are present in the constructor, methods like `toString()`, and the `setBaseNumRegs(Integer)` method.
- TaintInjector.java:** Annotations are scattered throughout the file, particularly in the `addTaint` and `addField` methods.
- PathTaint.java:** Annotations are found in the `addField` and `rewrite` methods.

The code itself is standard Java, dealing with class and method metadata, file rewriting, and exception handling.



Debugging ...

```
MethodInfo.java
public class MethodInfo {
    private String className;
    private String methodName;
    private String desc;
    private boolean isStatic;
    private List<String> params = new ArrayList<>();
    private String returnType;
    private String paramString;
    private Integer baseNumRegs;

    public String toString(){
        return "Method: " + this.className
    }

    public MethodInfo (String signature, boolean isStatic) {
        String[] split = signature.split("-");
        this.className = split[0];
        split = split[1].split("\\(");
        this.methodName = split[0];
        this.desc = "(" + split[1];
        this.isStatic = isStatic;
        parseParams();
    }

    public void setBaseNumRegs(Integer baseNumRegs) {
        this.baseNumRegs = baseNumRegs;
    }

    private void parseParams() {
        paramString = desc.substring(desc.indexOf('('));
        paramString = paramString.substring(paramString.indexOf(' ') + 1);
        List<String> paramList = parseMethodParams(paramString);
        returnType = desc.substring(desc.indexOf('('));
        if (!isStatic) { // in this case add the class name to the parameters
            params.add(className);
        }
    }
}

TaintInjector.java
public class TaintInjector {
    private static final String DEX_FILE_PATH = "/path/to/dex/file";
    private static final String SMALI_FILE_PATH = "/path/to/smali/file";
    private static final String REWRITER_CLASS_NAME = "com.example.PathTaint";

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        DexFile dexFile = DexFile.loadDex(DEX_FILE_PATH);
        DexRewriter rewriter = new DexRewriter(dexFile);
        rewriter.setRewriterClassName(REWRITER_CLASS_NAME);
        rewriter.rewrite();
        DexFile rewrittenDexFile = rewriter.getRewrittenDexFile();
        PathTaint pathTaint = new PathTaint();
        pathTaint.addField(rewrittenDexFile, "Field");
        DexFile finalDexFile = pathTaint.getRewrittenDexFile();
        finalDexFile.writeDexFile(SMALI_FILE_PATH);
    }
}

PathTaint.java
public class PathTaint {
    private static final List<ClassDef> classes = new ArrayList<>();

    public static DexFile addField(DexFile dexFile, String fieldName) {
        DexRewriter rewriter = new DexRewriter(dexFile);
        rewriter.setRewriterClassName("com.example.PathTaint");
        rewriter.rewrite();
        DexFile rewrittenDexFile = rewriter.getRewrittenDexFile();
        PathTaint pathTaint = new PathTaint();
        pathTaint.addField(rewrittenDexFile, fieldName);
        DexFile finalDexFile = pathTaint.getRewrittenDexFile();
        finalDexFile.writeDexFile(SMALI_FILE_PATH);
        return finalDexFile;
    }

    private void addField(DexFile dexFile, String fieldName) {
        ClassDef classDef = dexFile.getClassDef("L" + REWRITER_CLASS_NAME + ";");
        if (classDef == null) {
            return;
        }
        DexField field = new DexField(fieldName, DexType.VOID_TYPE, classDef);
        classDef.addField(field);
        classes.add(classDef);
    }

    private DexFile getRewrittenDexFile() {
        DexFile dexFile = DexFile.loadDex(DexFile.PATH);
        DexRewriter rewriter = new DexRewriter(dexFile);
        rewriter.setRewriterClassName("com.example.PathTaint");
        rewriter.rewrite();
        DexFile rewrittenDexFile = rewriter.getRewrittenDexFile();
        return rewrittenDexFile;
    }
}
```

What caused
the crash?



Debugging ...

```
MethodInfo.java
public class MethodInfo {
    private String className;
    private String methodName;
    private String desc;
    private boolean isStatic;
    private List<String> params = new ArrayList<>();
    private String returnType;
    private String paramString;
    private Integer baseNumRegs;

    public String toString(){
        return "Method: " + this.className
    }

    public MethodInfo (String signature, boolean isStatic) {
        String[] split = signature.split("-");
        this.className = split[0];
        split = split[1].split("\\(");
        this.methodName = split[0];
        this.desc = "(" + split[1];
        this.isStatic = isStatic;
        parseParams();
    }

    public void setBaseNumRegs(Integer baseNumRegs) {
        this.baseNumRegs = baseNumRegs;
    }

    private void parseParams() {
        paramString = desc.substring(desc.indexOf('('));
        paramString = paramString.substring(paramString.indexOf(' ') + 1);
        List<String> paramList = parseMethodParams(paramString);
        returnType = desc.substring(desc.indexOf(returnType));
        if (!isStatic) { // in this case add the class name to the parameters
            params.add(className);
        }
    }
}

TaintInjector.java
public class TaintInjector {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        collectDexFiles();
        List<String> smaliFiles = extractDexFile(args[0]);
        addTaint(smaliFiles);
        int fileNum = 0;
        int api = readDexFile(dexFiles.get(fileNum));
        for (fileNum = 0; fileNum < dexFiles.size(); fileNum++) {
            try {
                smaliFiles = packageDexFile(smaliFiles);
            } catch (IOException e) {
                e.printStackTrace();
                return false;
            }
        }
        while (!smaliFiles.isEmpty()) {
            try {
                smaliFiles = packageDexFile(smaliFiles);
                fileNum++;
            } catch (IOException e) {
                e.printStackTrace();
                return false;
            }
        }
        try {
            packageJar();
        } catch (IOException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
            return false;
        }
        injected = true;
        return true;
    }

    private void extractJar() throws IOException {
        ...
    }
}

PathTaint.java
public class PathTaint {
    private static final List<ClassDef> classes = new ArrayList<>();

    public static DexFile addField(DexFile dexFile, String field) {
        DexRewriter rewriter = new DexRewriter(new DexFileReader(dexFile));
        @Override public Rewriter<ClassDef> getRewriter() {
            return new ClassDefRewriter(rewriters);
        }
        @Override public ClassDef rewrite(ClassDef classDef) {
            if (classDef.getType().equals(class)) {
                return new RewrittenClassDef(classDef);
            }
            @Override public Iterable<? extends DexField> getFields() {
                if ((field.getAccessFlags() & 0x1000) != 0)
                    return Iterables.concat(super.getFields(), field);
                return super.getFields();
            }
            @Override public Iterable<? extends DexMethod> getMethods() {
                if ((field.getAccessFlags() & 0x1000) != 0)
                    return Iterables.concat(super.getMethods(), field);
                return super.getMethods();
            }
            @Override public DexField getStaticField(String name) {
                if ((field.getAccessFlags() & 0x1000) != 0)
                    return super.getStaticFields().iterator().next();
                return super.getStaticFields();
            }
            @Override public DexMethod getStaticMethod(String name) {
                if ((field.getAccessFlags() & 0x1000) != 0)
                    return super.getStaticMethods().iterator().next();
                return super.getStaticMethods();
            }
            @Override public DexField rewrite(DexField field) {
                return super.rewrite(field);
            }
        }
        return rewriter.getRewriter().rewrite();
    }
}
```

What caused
the crash?
Do we need
to read the
full code?



Making debugging faster

The screenshot shows a Java development environment with three tabs open:

- TaintInjector.java**: Contains a class with methods for reading Dex files and extracting smali files.
- MethodInfo.java**: Contains a class for parsing method signatures and parameters.
- PathTaint.java**: Contains a class for rewriting Dex files and adding fields.

The code is heavily annotated with various colored annotations (green, blue) and arrows, likely from a static analysis or debugger tool, highlighting flow control, variable assignments, and data flow across the different classes and methods.

```
MethodInfo.java
public class MethodInfo {
    private String className;
    private String methodName;
    private String desc;
    private boolean isStatic;
    private List<String> params = new ArrayList<>();
    private String returnType;
    private String paramString;
    private Integer baseNumRegs;

    public String toString(){
        return "Method: " + this.className
    }

    public MethodInfo (String signature, boolean isStatic) {
        String[] split = signature.split("-");
        this.className = split[0];
        split = split[1].split("\\(");
        this.methodName = split[0];
        this.desc = "(" + split[1];
        this.isStatic = isStatic;
        parseParams();
    }

    public void setBaseNumRegs(Integer baseNumRegs) {
        this.baseNumRegs = baseNumRegs;
    }

    private void parseParams() {
        paramString = desc.substring(desc.indexOf('('));
        paramString = paramString.substring(paramString.indexOf(' ') + 1);
        List<String> paramList = parseMethodParams(paramString);
        returnType = desc.substring(desc.indexOf(returnType));
        if (!isStatic) { // in this case add
            params.add(className);
        }
    }
}

TaintInjector.java
public class TaintInjector {
    public void collectDexFiles() {
        List<String> smaliFiles = extractDexFile();
        addTaint(smaliFiles);
        int fileNum = 0;
        for (fileNum = 0; fileNum < dexFiles.size(); fileNum++) {
            try {
                api = readDexFile(dexFiles.get(fileNum));
            } catch (IOException e) {
                e.printStackTrace();
                return false;
            }
        }
        while (!smaliFiles.isEmpty()) {
            try {
                smaliFiles = packageDexFile(smaliFiles);
                fileNum++;
            } catch (IOException e) {
                e.printStackTrace();
                return false;
            }
        }
        try {
            packageJar();
        } catch (IOException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
            return false;
        }
        injected = true;
        return true;
    }

    private void extractJar() throws IOException {
        ...
    }
}

PathTaint.java
public class PathTaint {
    private static final List<ClassDef> classes = new ArrayList<>();

    public static DexFile addField(DexFile dexFile, String field) {
        DexRewriter rewriter = new DexRewriter(new DexFileRewriter());
        @Override public Rewriter<ClassDef> getRewriter() {
            return new ClassDefRewriter(rewriters);
        }
        @Override public ClassDef rewrite(ClassDef classDef) {
            if (classDef.getType().equals(classes.get(0))) {
                return new RewrittenClassDef(classDef);
            }
            @Override public Iterable<?> getInstanceFields() {
                if ((field.getAccessFlags() & 0x1000) != 0) {
                    return Iterables.concat(super.getInstanceFields(),
                        Iterables.concat(Collections.singletonList(field),
                            super.getInstanceFields()));
                }
                return super.getInstanceFields();
            }
            @Override public Iterable<?> getStaticFields() {
                if ((field.getAccessFlags() & 0x1000) != 0) {
                    return Iterables.concat(super.getStaticFields(),
                        Iterables.concat(Collections.singletonList(field),
                            super.getStaticFields()));
                }
                return super.getStaticFields();
            }
        }
        return rewriter.getDexFileRewriter().rewrite(dexFile);
    }
}
```



Making debugging faster

```
MethodInfo.java
public class MethodInfo {
    private String className;
    private String methodName;
    private String desc;
    private boolean isStatic;
    private List<String> params = new ArrayList<>();
    private String returnType;
    private String paramString;
    private Integer baseNumRegs;

    public String toString(){
        return "Method: " + this.className
    }

    public MethodInfo (String signature, boolean isStatic) {
        String[] split = signature.split("-");
        this.className = split[0];
        split = split[1].split("\\(");
        this.methodName = split[0];
        this.desc = "(" + split[1];
        this.isStatic = isStatic;
        parseParams();
    }

    public void setBaseNumRegs(Integer baseNumRegs) {
        this.baseNumRegs = baseNumRegs;
    }

    private void parseParams() {
        paramString = desc.substring(desc.indexOf('('));
        paramString = paramString.substring(paramString.indexOf(' ') + 1);
        List<String> paramList = parseMethodParams(paramString);
        returnType = desc.substring(desc.indexOf(returnType));
        if (!isStatic) { // in this case add the class name to the parameters
            params.add(className);
        }
    }
}

TaintInjector.java
private void collectDexFiles() {
    List<String> smaliFiles = extractDexFile();
    addTaint(smaliFiles);
    int fileNum = 0;
    api = readDexFile(dexFiles.get(fileNum));
    for (fileNum = 0; fileNum < dexFiles.size(); fileNum++) {
        try {
            smaliFiles = packageDexFile(smaliFiles);
        } catch (IOException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
            return false;
        }
    }
    while (!smaliFiles.isEmpty()) {
        try {
            smaliFiles = packageDexFile(smaliFiles);
            fileNum++;
        } catch (IOException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
            return false;
        }
    }
    try {
        packageJar();
    } catch (IOException e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
        return false;
    }
    injected = true;
    return true;
}

private void extractDexFile() throws IOException {
    DexFile dexFile = DexFile.open(new File("path/to/dexfile"));
    DexItemIterator iterator = dexFile.getItemIterator();
    while (iterator.hasNext()) {
        DexItem item = iterator.next();
        if (item instanceof DexString) {
            DexString string = (DexString) item;
            if (string.getString().contains("path/to/taint")) {
                DexString taintString = DexString.create("tainted");
                DexItem newStringItem = DexString.create(string);
                DexItem newTaintItem = DexString.create(taintString);
                DexItem[] newItems = new DexItem[]{newStringItem, newTaintItem};
                DexFileRewriter.rewrite(item, newItems);
            }
        }
    }
}

PathTaint.java
public class PathTaint {
    private static final List<ClassDef> classes = new ArrayList<>();
    public static DexFile addField(DexFile dexFile) {
        DexRewriter rewriter = new DexRewriter(new DexItemTransformer() {
            @Override public DexItem transform(DexItem item) {
                if (item instanceof DexString) {
                    DexString string = (DexString) item;
                    if (string.getString().contains("path/to/taint")) {
                        DexString taintString = DexString.create("tainted");
                        DexItem[] newItems = new DexItem[]{string, taintString};
                        DexItem[] transformedItems = DexItemTransformer.super.transform(newItems);
                        return transformedItems[1];
                    }
                }
                return item;
            }
        });
        DexItemTransformer transformer = rewriter.getRewriter();
        DexItem[] items = transformer.getItems();
        DexItem[] transformedItems = new DexItem[items.length];
        for (int i = 0; i < items.length; i++) {
            DexItem item = items[i];
            if (item instanceof DexString) {
                DexString string = (DexString) item;
                if (string.getString().contains("path/to/taint")) {
                    DexString taintString = DexString.create("tainted");
                    DexItem[] newItems = new DexItem[]{string, taintString};
                    DexItem[] transformedItems = DexItemTransformer.super.transform(newItems);
                    return transformedItems[1];
                }
            }
        }
        return dexFile;
    }
}
```



Making debugging faster

The screenshot shows a Java IDE interface with four tabs open:

- TaintInjector.java**: Shows a class with methods for reading Dex files and extracting parameters.
- MethodInfo.java**: Shows a class representing a method with its signature, name, descriptor, and parameters.
- TaintSource.java**: Shows a class with methods for adding tainted fields and rewriting Dex files.
- PathTaint.java**: Shows a class for managing tainted paths and their access flags.

The code in **TaintInjector.java** includes logic for reading Dex files, extracting small files, and adding tainted fields. The **MethodInfo.java** code defines a `parseParams()` method. The **TaintSource.java** code handles the actual tainting and rewriting of fields. The **PathTaint.java** code manages the state of tainted fields across different paths.



Highlight statements
that affect
the crash



Making debugging faster

The screenshot shows a Java IDE with three tabs open:

- TaintInjector.java**: The current active tab. It contains code for reading Dex files and extracting smali files. A specific line of code is highlighted in yellow: `injected = true;`. This line is located at line 125 of the code.
- MethodInfo.java**: A dependency tab showing the implementation of the `MethodInfo` class. It includes methods for parsing parameters and setting base number registers.
- PathTaint.java**: Another dependency tab showing the implementation of the `PathTaint` class, which handles rewriting class definitions.



Highlight statements
that affect
the crash

Program slicing



Program slicing

```
x = input();
y = input();

if (x > 0)
    z = x + y;
    w = x;

else
    z = x - y;
    w = y;

print(z);
return w;
```



Program slicing

```
x = input();
y = input();

if (x > 0)
    z = x + y;
    w = x;

else
    z = x - y;
    w = y;

print(z);
return w;
```

Dataflow →



Program slicing



```
x = input();
y = input();

if (x > 0)
    z = x + y;
    w = x;

else
    z = x - y;
    w = y;

print(z);
return w;
```

Dataflow





Program slicing



```
x = input();
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if (x > 0)
    z = x + y;
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    z = x - y;
    w = y;

print(z);
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```

Dataflow



Program slicing

```
x = input();
y = input();

if (x > 0)
    z = x + y;
    w = x;

else
    z = x - y;
    w = y;

print(z);
return w;
```

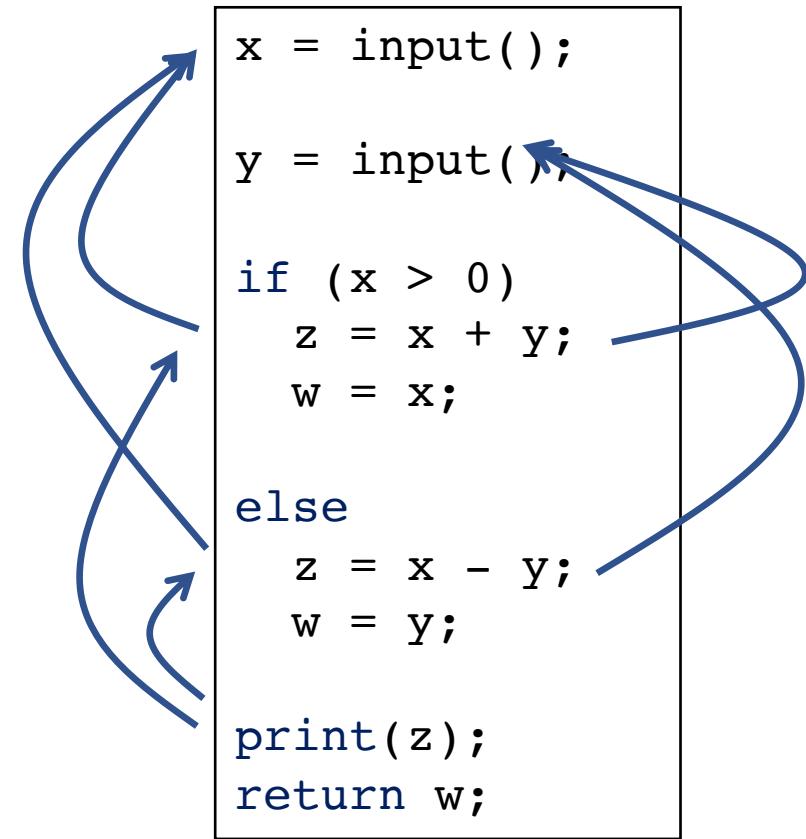
Dataflow →

Program slicing

```
x = input();
y = input();
if (x > 0)
    z = x + y;
    w = x;
else
    z = x - y;
    w = y;
print(z);
return w;
```

Dataflow dependence

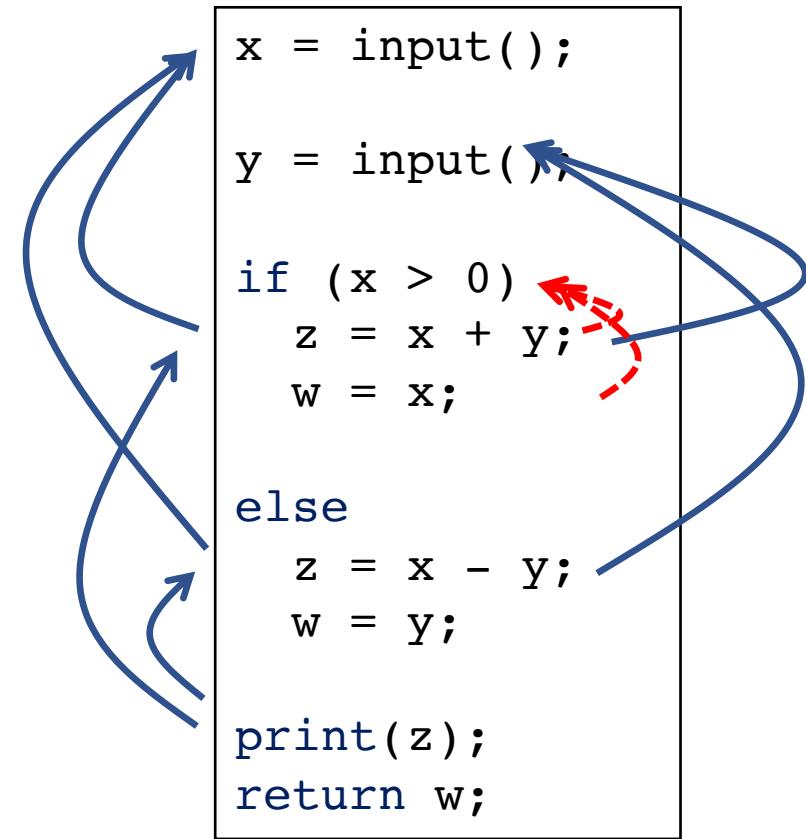
Program slicing



Dataflow
dependence

Control
dependence

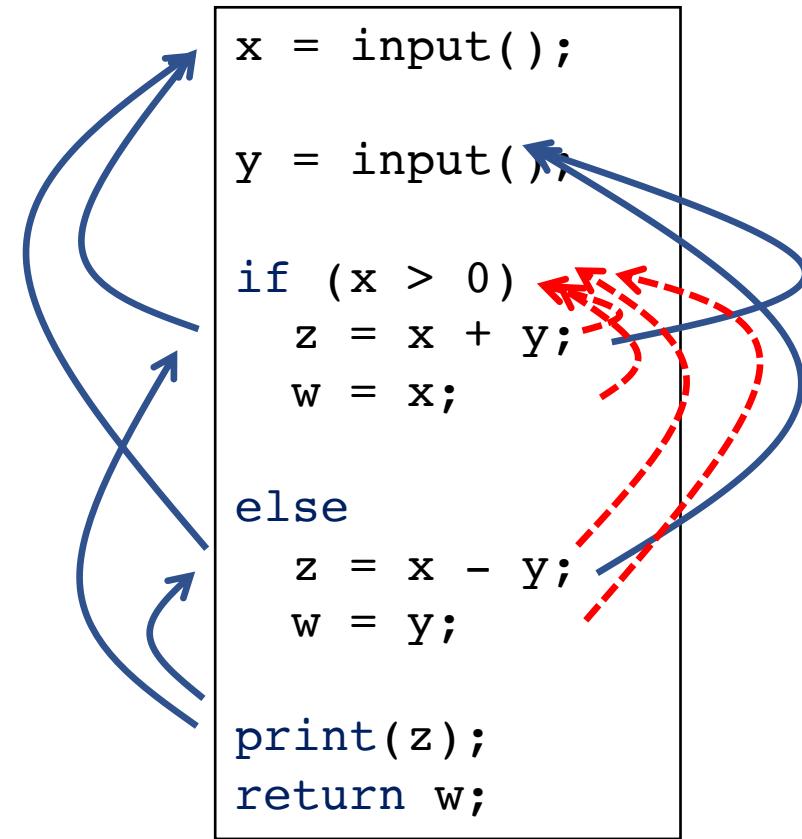
Program slicing



Dataflow →
dependence

Control →
dependence

Program slicing

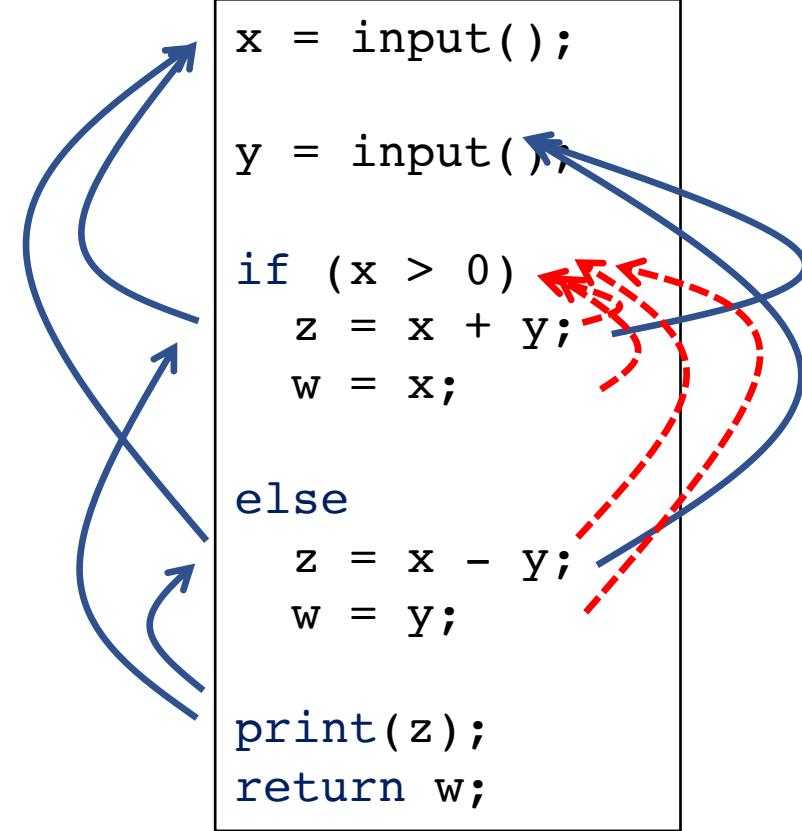


Dataflow →
dependence

Control →
dependence



Program slicing



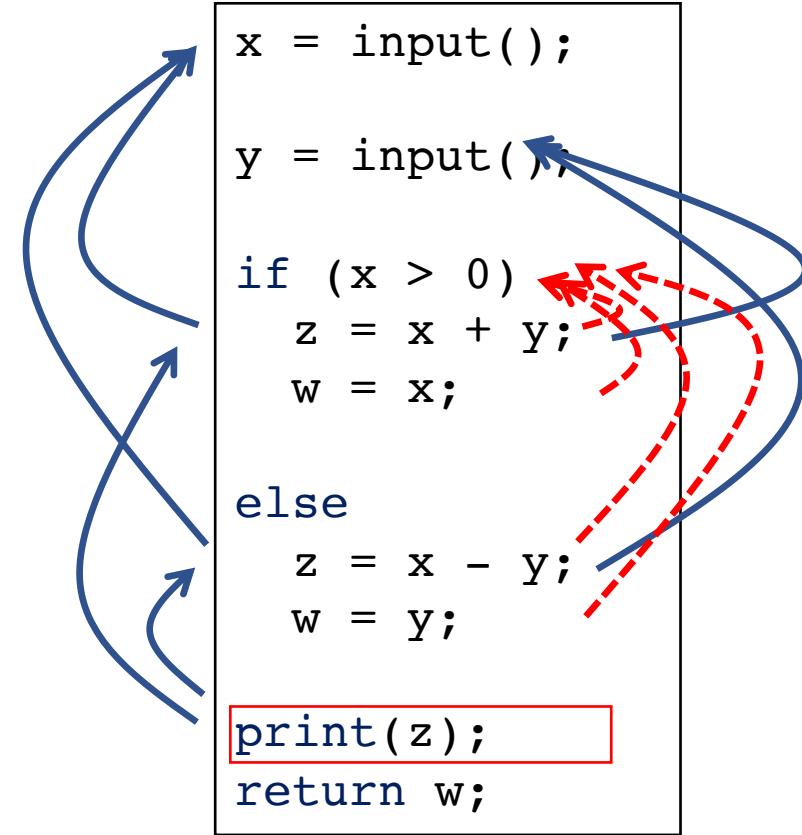
Dataflow
dependence

Control
dependence

Slicing
criterion



Program slicing



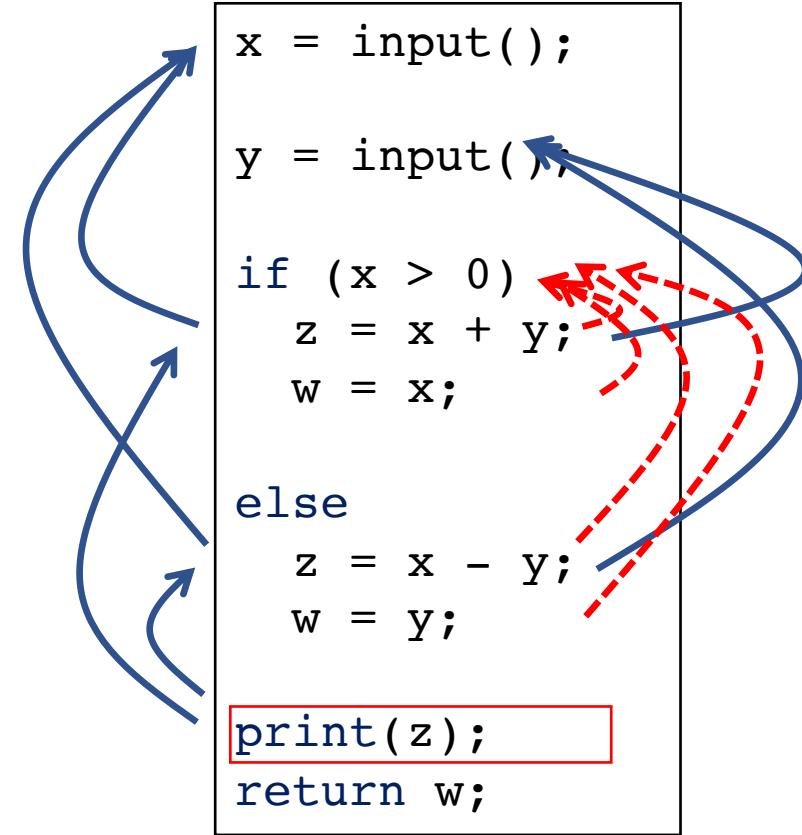
Dataflow →
dependence

Control →
dependence

Slicing
criterion



Program slicing



Dataflow
dependence

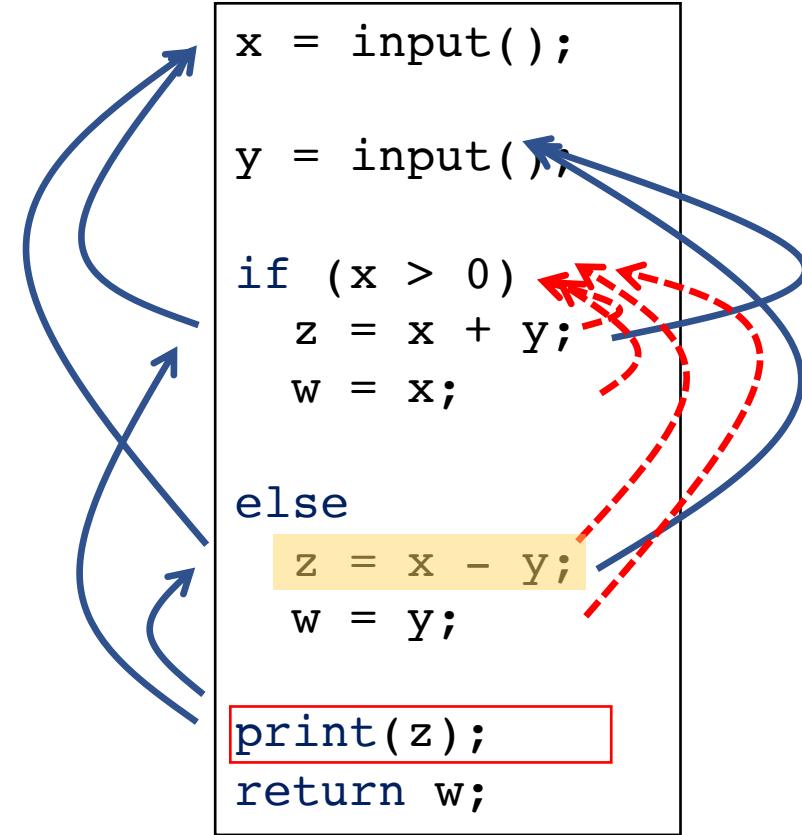
Control
dependence

Slicing
criterion

Slice



Program slicing



Dataflow
dependence

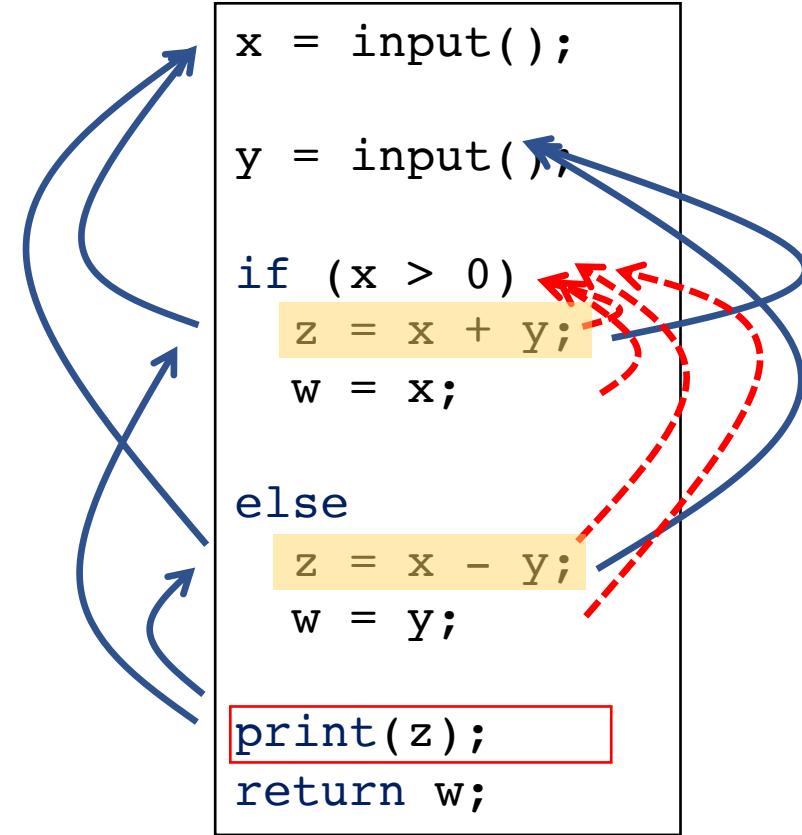
Control
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Slicing
criterion

Slice



Program slicing



Dataflow
dependence

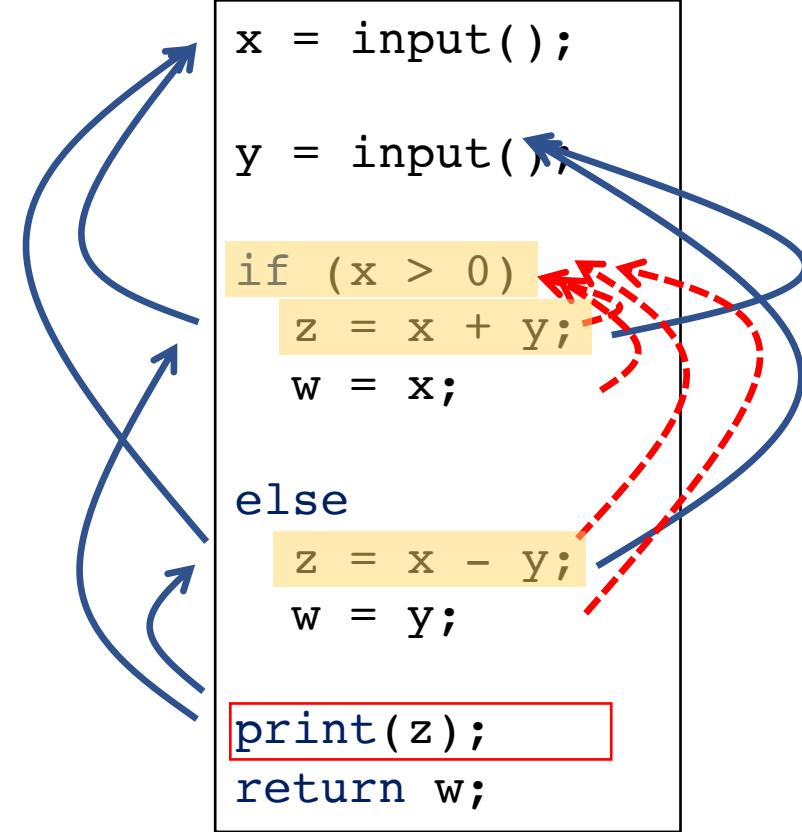
Control
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Slicing
criterion

Slice



Program slicing



Dataflow
dependence

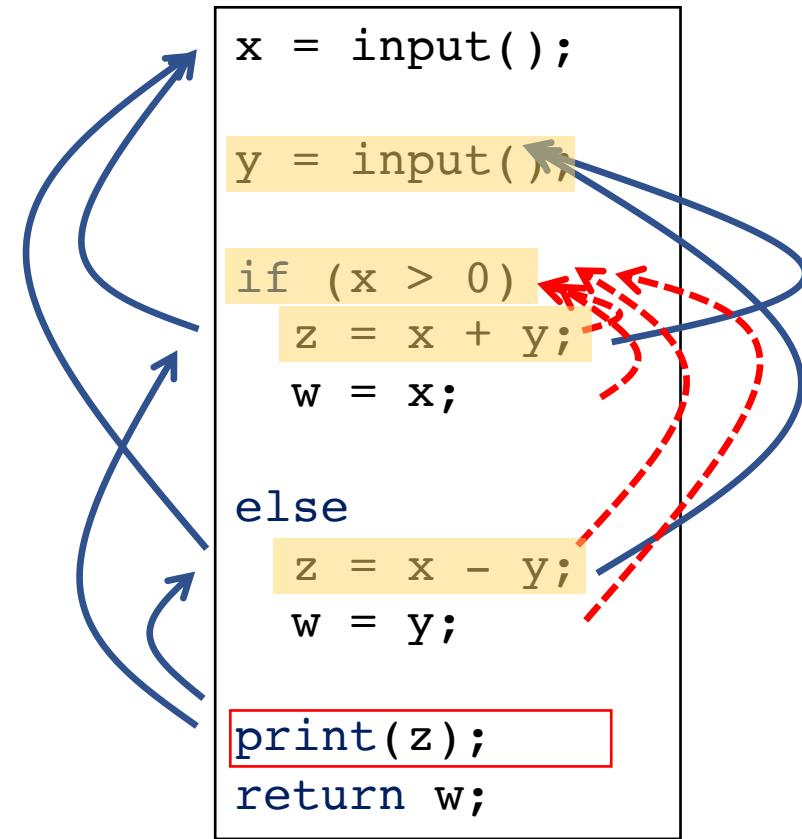
Control
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Slicing
criterion

Slice



Program slicing



Dataflow
dependence

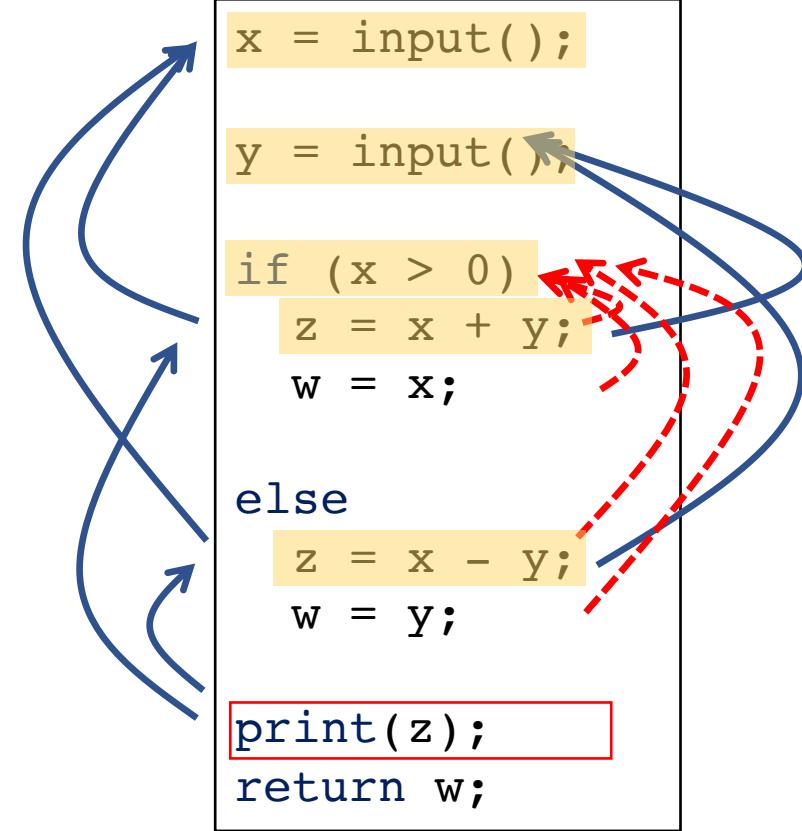
Control
dependence

Slicing
criterion

Slice



Program slicing



Dataflow →
dependence

Control →
dependence

Slicing
criterion

Slice

Static slicing:

Analyze the program without executing it

```
x = input();
y = input();

if (x > 0)
    z = x + y;
w = x;

else
    z = x - y;
w = y;

print(z);
return w;
```

Pros

- All execution paths
- No runtime overhead

Cons

- Includes infeasible executions
- Cannot analyze dynamically-loaded code
- Scalability for complex code



Dynamic slicing: Analyze specific executions of the program



```
x = input();
y = input();

if (x > 0)
    z = x + y;
w = x;

else
    z = x - y;
w = y;

print(z);
return w;
```

Pros

- Very accurate for the executed code
- Can analyze dynamically loaded code

Cons

- Triggered paths only
- Runtime overhead



Usefulness of slicing

```
x = input();
y = input();

if (x > 0)
    z = x + y;
w = x;

else
    z = x - y;
w = y;

print(z);
return w;
```

Usefulness of slicing

- Aids manual analysis

```
x = input();
y = input();

if (x > 0)
    z = x + y;
w = x;

else
    z = x - y;
w = y;

print(z);
return w;
```

Usefulness of slicing

```
x = input();
y = input();

if (x > 0)
    z = x + y;
w = x;

else
    z = x - y;
w = y;

print(z);
return w;
```

- Aids manual analysis
- Core of many automated techniques
 - Fault localization
 - Malware detection
 - Refactoring
 - ...

Usefulness of slicing

```
x = input();
y = input();

if (x > 0)
    z = x + y;
w = x;

else
    z = x - y;
w = y;

print(z);
return w;
```

- Aids manual analysis
- Core of many automated techniques
 - Fault localization
 - Malware detection
 - Refactoring
 - ...

In the rest of this talk:
we focus on dynamic slicing



Big challenge: dataflow analysis



```
1 jane.age = 15
2 john      = jane
3 john.age = 25
4 res      = jane.age
```



Big challenge: dataflow analysis

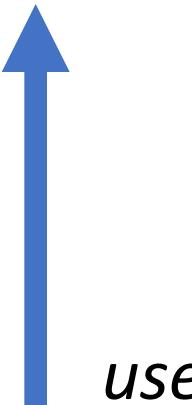


```
1  jane.age = 15  
2  john      = jane  
3  john.age = 25  
4  res = jane.age      use
```

Big challenge: dataflow analysis



```
1  jane.age = 15  
2  john      = jane  
3  john.age = 25  
4  res = jane.age
```



Big challenge: dataflow analysis



```
1  jane.age = 15  
2  john      = jane  
3  john.age = 25  
4  res = jane.age
```

definition?

use

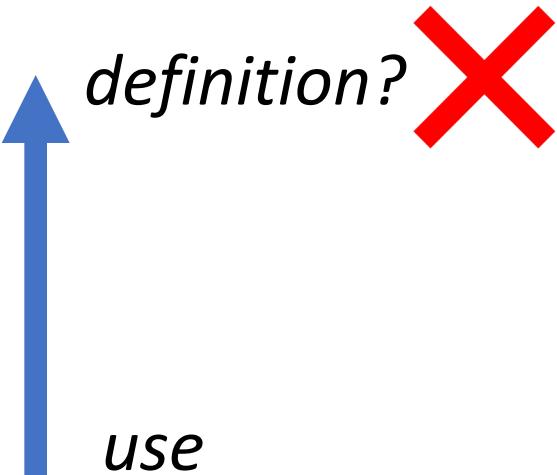




Big challenge: dataflow analysis



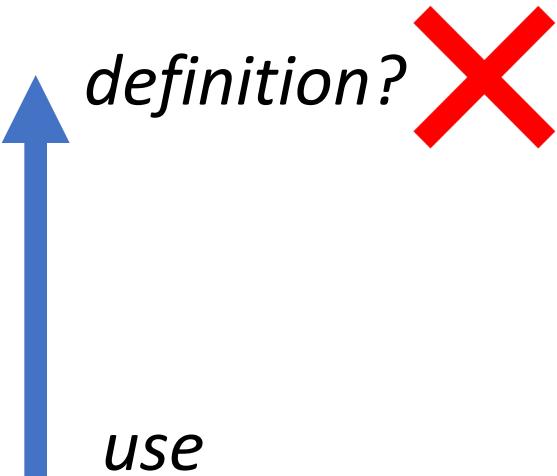
```
1  jane.age = 15  
2  john      = jane  
3  john.age = 25  
4  res = jane.age
```



Big challenge: dataflow analysis



```
1 jane.age = 15  
2 john      = jane  
3 john.age = 25  
4 res = jane.age
```



Needs alias analysis



Dynamic dataflow analysis



```
1 jane.age = 15
2 john      = jane
3 john.age = 25
4 res      = jane.age
```



Dynamic dataflow analysis

```
1  jane.age = 15
   print([jane.age])
2  john      = jane
3  john.age = 25
   print([john.age])
4  res = jane.age
   print([jane.age])
```



Dynamic dataflow analysis



```
1  jane.age = 15          [ jane.age ] = 0xA
   print([jane.age])
2  john      = jane
3  john.age = 25          [ john.age ] = 0xA
   print([john.age])
4  res = jane.age        [ jane.age ] = 0xA
   print([jane.age])
```



Dynamic dataflow analysis

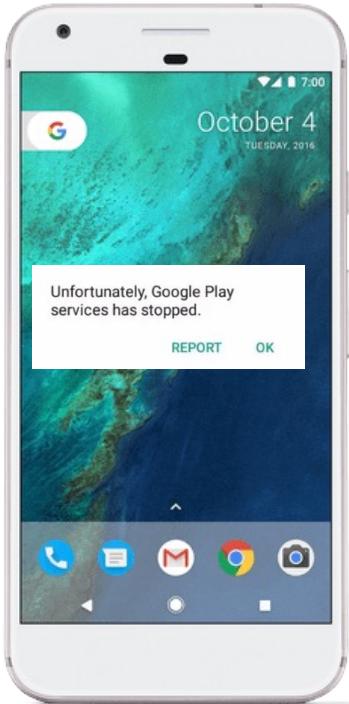


```
1  jane.age = 15          [ jane.age ] = 0xA
   print([jane.age])
2  john      = jane
3  john.age = 25          [ john.age ] = 0xA
   print([john.age])
4  res = jane.age        [ jane.age ] = 0xA
   print([jane.age])
```

Instrumentation (even a very smart one)
→ High overhead



High overhead is bad



On a mobile device:
system will kill slow apps



Efficient dataflow analysis



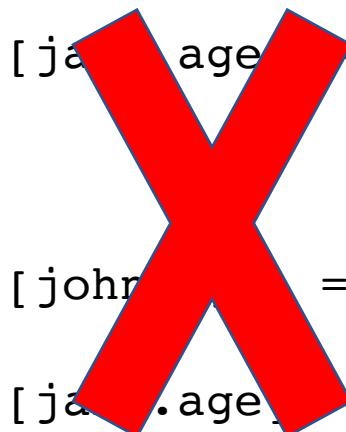
```
1  jane.age = 15          [ jane.age ] = 0xA
   print([jane.age])
2  john      = jane
3  john.age = 25          [ john.age ] = 0xA
   print([john.age])
4  res = jane.age        [ jane.age ] = 0xA
   print([jane.age])
```

Efficient dataflow analysis



```
1  jane.age = 15  
   print([jane.age])  
2  john      = jane  
  
3  john.age = 25  
   print([john.age])  
4  res = jane.age  
   print([jane.age])
```

[ja age] 0xA
[john] = 0xA
[ja .age] 0xA



Don't record addresses



*Efficient dynamic slicing for mobile**



* Khaled Ahmed, Mieszko Lis, and Julia Rubin. [MANDOLINE: Dynamic Slicing of Android Applications with Trace-Based Alias Analysis](#). ICST, **Distinguished Paper Award**, 2021



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1. Light instrumentation → only basic blocks, not every statement, no fields

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1. Light instrumentation → only basic blocks, not every statement, no fields
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1. Light instrumentation → only basic blocks, not every statement, no fields
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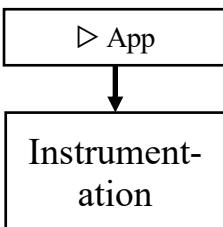


1. Light instrumentation → only basic blocks, not every statement, no fields
2. Post-execution analysis of the trace
 - Recovers dataflows
 - Static, but analyzes one execution path only

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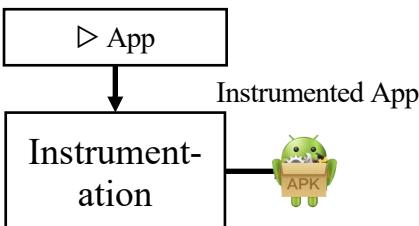


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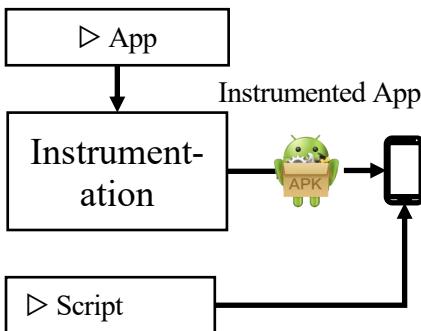


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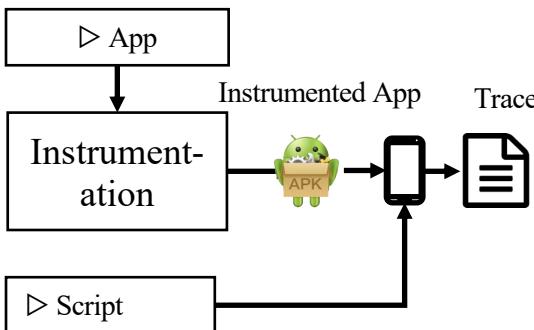


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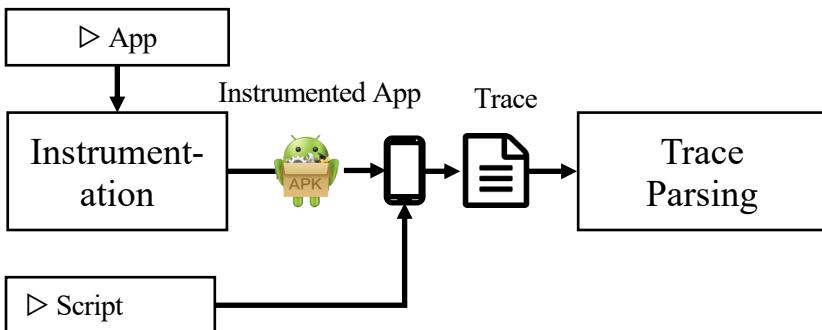


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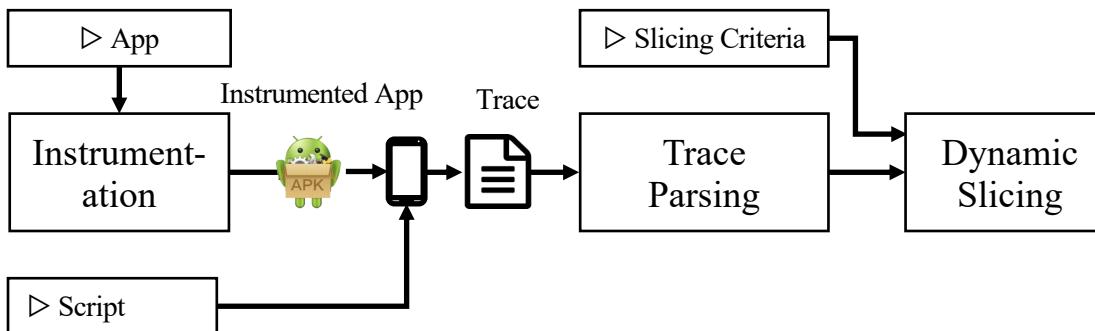


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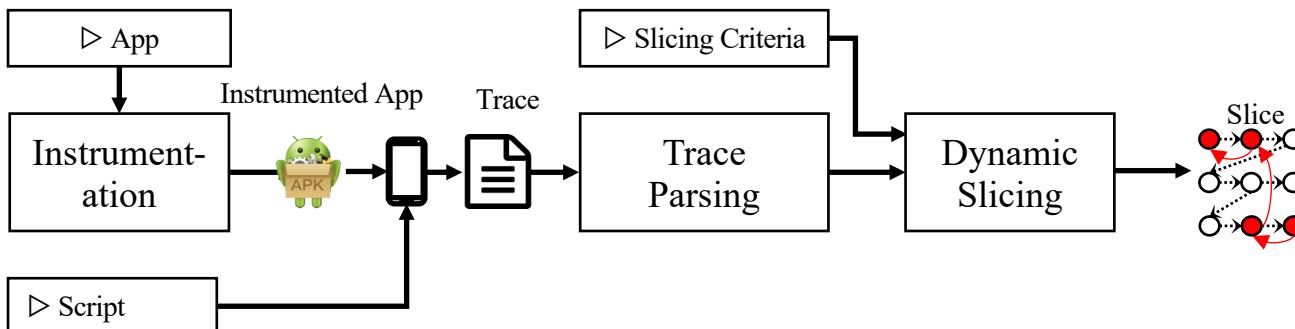


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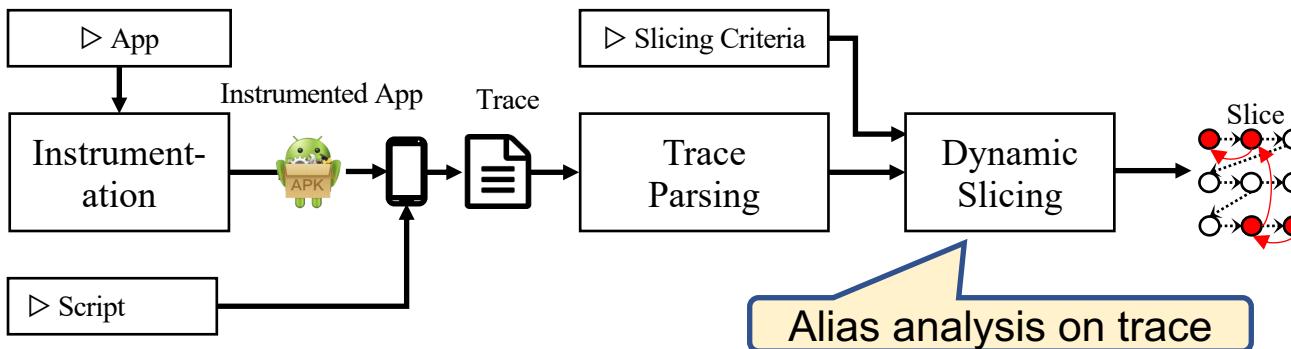


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Trace based alias analysis

```
1 jane.age = 15  
2 john      = jane  
3 john.age = 25  
4 res      = jane.age
```

john aliases jane
john.age aliases jane.age



Trace based alias analysis



```
1 jane.age = 15
2 john      = jane
3 john.age = 25
4 res      = jane.age
```



Trace based alias analysis



```
1  jane.age = 15  
2  john      = jane  
3  john.age = 25  
4  res = jane.age      use
```

Trace based alias analysis



```
1  jane.age = 15
2  john      = jane
3  john.age = 25
4  res = jane.age
```

Search for john.age too



use

Trace based alias analysis

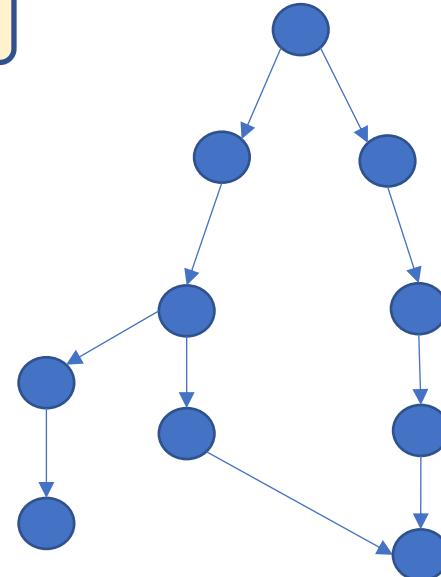
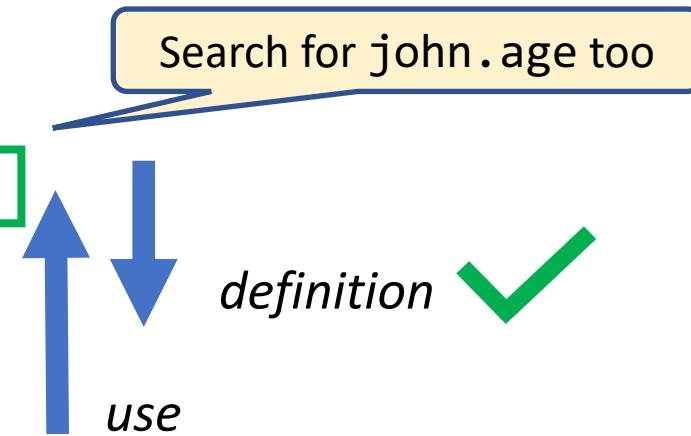
```
1  jane.age = 15
2  john      = jane
3  john.age = 25
4  res = jane.age
```

Search for john.age too



Trace based alias analysis

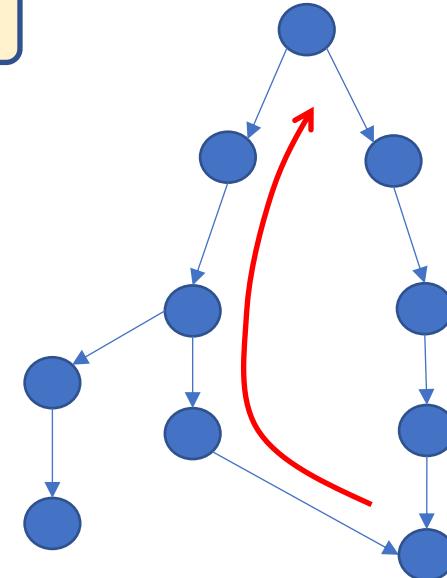
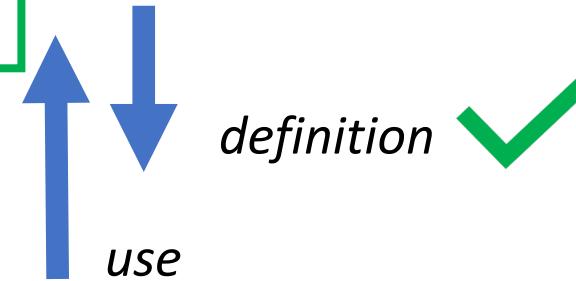
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2  john      = jane
3  john.age = 25
4  res = jane.age
```



Trace based alias analysis

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1  jane.age = 15
2  john      = jane
3  john.age = 25
4  res = jane.age
```

Search for john.age too

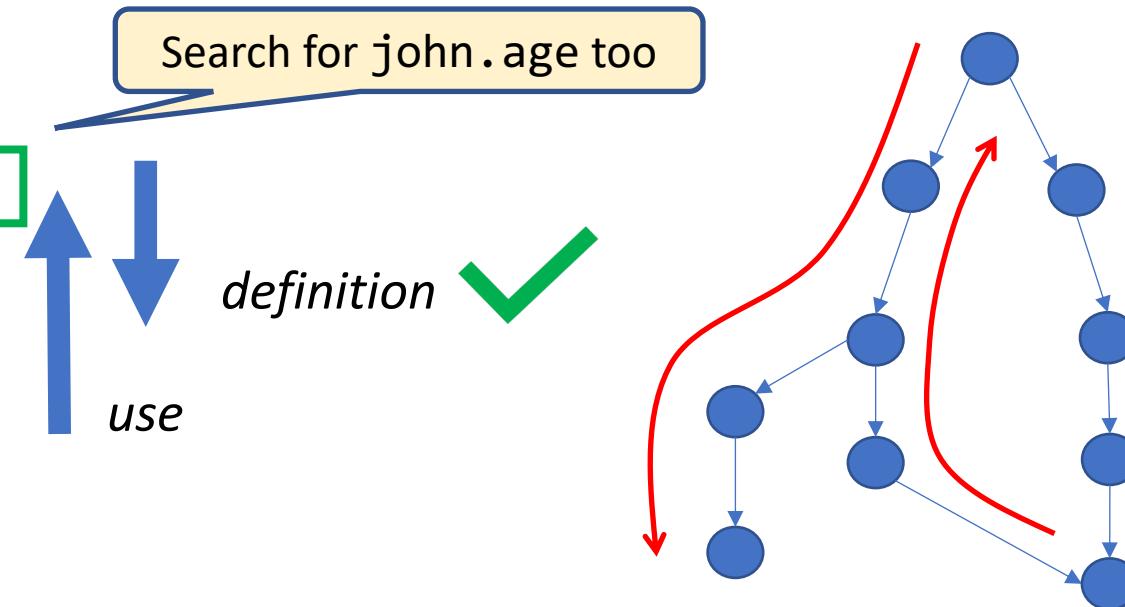




Trace based alias analysis

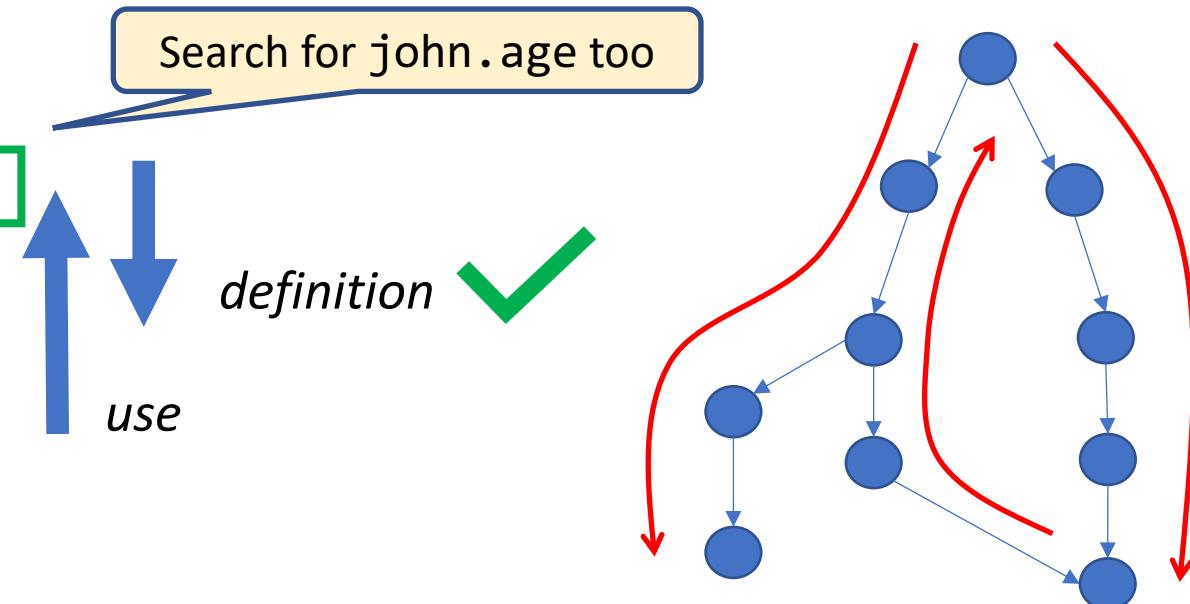


```
1 jane.age = 15
2 john      = ja
3 john.age = 25
4 res      = jane.ag
```



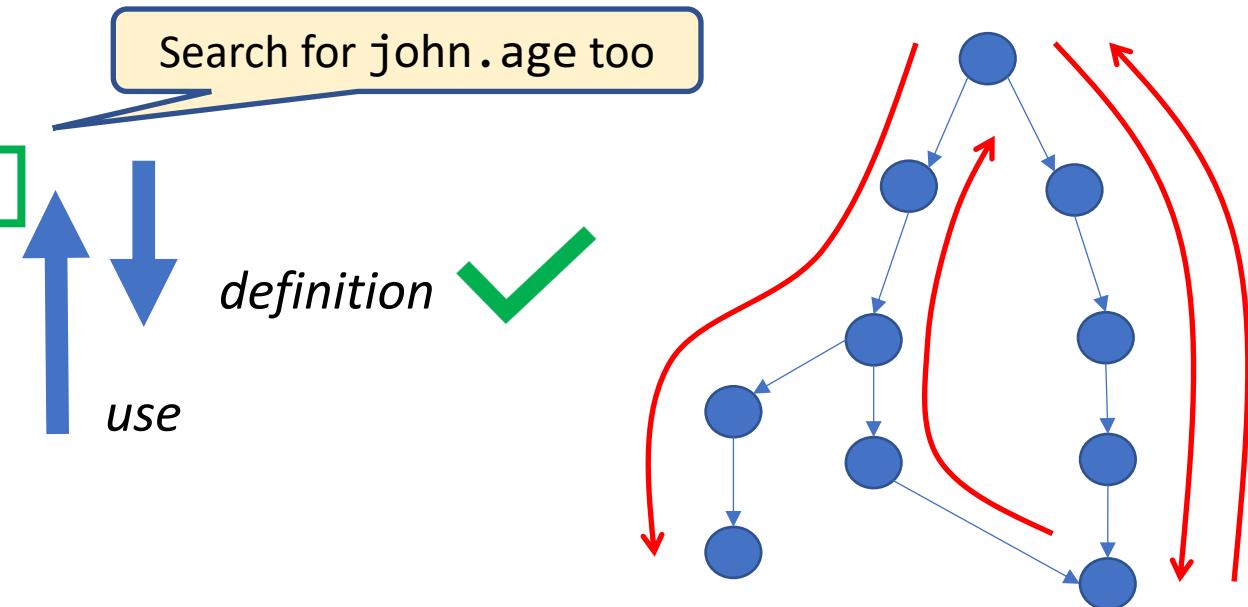
Trace based alias analysis

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4  res = jane.age
```



Trace based alias analysis

```
1  jane.age = 15
2  john      = jane
3  john.age = 25
4  res = jane.age
```





Application in malware analysis





Application in malware analysis





Application in malware analysis



Slice separates **malware** from **benign**



Where we are

MANDOLINE: Dynamic slicing for Android

- Paper: [Mandoline: Dynamic Slicing of Android Applications with Trace-Based Alias Analysis](#). ICST, Distinguished Paper Award, 2021
- Code: <https://github.com/resess/Mandoline>



Slicer4J: Dynamic slicing for Java

- Paper: [Slicer4J: A Dynamic Slicer for Java](#). ESEC/FSE, tools track, 2021
- Code: <https://github.com/resess/Slicer4J>



IntelliJ plugin for Slicer4J: Capstone project

- Integration of slicing, slice visualization, and slice navigation in the most popular IDE!



What's next

Automated malware summarization / detection

- Using slices to summarize the behavior of malware / detect new samples

Slicing for software maintainance

- Slicing to compare versions of code

Interested? Join us!

Contact : Khaled Ahmed, <https://khaled-e-a.github.io>

khaledea@ece.ubc.ca

Julia Rubin, <https://people.ece.ubc.ca/mjulia/>,

mjulia@ece.ubc.ca